جوردان تليمز يومية سَيْفُسِية تَصَنَّرُتُ بُالْأَنجليزية عن المؤسسة الصحفية الاردنية ،الراي،

30 feared dead or injured in Japanese quake

TOKYO (AFP) — At least 30 people were feared dead or injured after a strong earthquake measuring 7.8 on the Richter scale hit northern Japan Monday, collapsing hundreds of buildings, spawnings fires and sending tidal waves smashing ashore. Around 25 people were missing in a collapsed hotel in Okushiri island, off western Hokkaido island in northern Japan, local news reports said. The meteorological agency said it had reported more than 14 quakes measuring four or more on the Richter scale over the last three hours, and warned that further small to medium quakes were expected near Hokkaido. Jiji Press said four other people were missing along the coast of Hokkaido following waves whipped up by the undersea quake. Some 300 houses on Okushiri were reported to be on fire while another 200 had been completely submerged by the giant waves. The huge tremor occurred at 10:17 p.m. (1317 GMT) and the epicenter was located in the sea off western Hokkaido, 800 kilometres north of

Volume 17 Number 5355

'AMMAN TUESDAY, JULY 13, 1993 MUHARRAM 24,1414

Exiles delay march

MARJ AL ZOHOUR (R) Palestinian expellees postponed a march by some 70 ailing exiles towards Israeli lines in southern Lebanon Monday due to mounting military tension in the area. Abdul Aziz Al Rantisi, leader of 395 exiles languishing at a tent camp, said the sick and their exile doctors would set a new date for their march towards a crossing into Israel's self-styled "security

'iran may possess U.S. cruise missile'

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NEW YORK (R) - Iran may possess an unexploded U.S. cruise missile, one of several fired at an Iraqi industrial site in January. Newsweek magazine reported. The magazine, in its July 19 issue, said the missile, like similar ones fired at the Iraqi intelligence headquarters last month, travelled a course over Iran. Cruise missiles are programmed to fly by visual landmarks. But the land over southeastern Iraq is flat marshland with no landscape features to lock on to. Newsweek said the cruise nissiles were programmed to fly up the spine of Iran's Zagros mountains just east of the Iraqi border. After 400 kilometres, the missiles swung south westward down the Diyala river to Bagh-

Hekmatyar meets rival warlord

KABUL (R) Afghan Prime Minister Gulbuddin Hekmatyar held his first meeting on Monday with General Abdul Rashid Dostum, the country's most powerful warlord and one of Mr. Hekmatyar's most bitter enemies in the 14-year civil war. "The meeting was held in a frieodly atmosphere," Gen. Dostum told reporters after the two-hour meeting at a base held by Mr. Hekmatyar's hardline Hezb-e Islami party in the southwestern suburbs of the capital Kabul. Mr. Hekmatyar smiled but refused to speak after his first talks with the former communist general whose defection to the guerrillas precipitated by fall of President Najibullah and the guerrilla takeover in April 1992. "They discussed the permanent end to the war in

aides said after the meeting. Protesters demand sheikh's release

" one of Gen. Dostum's

NEW YORK (AP) - Chanting "free the sheikh" and "Justice now," dozens of supporters of Sheikh Omar Abdul Rahman demonstrated in Lower Manhattan to demand the Egyptian cleric's release from a federal prison. The Sheikh was detained July 2 on immigration charges. The sheikh's supporters demonstrated Sunday in front of a federal office ilding in Lower Manhattan that houses the local office Federal Bureau of Investigations.

Moroccan leader union leader freed

RABAT (AFP) - Trade union leader Noubir Amaoui, serving a two-year term for insulting members of the government, was freed Monday after a royal pardon, an authoritative source said. Mr. Amaoui, who had served a year and 36 days of the sentence, was not met by anybody as he left the Sale prison near Rahai, since his family and friends did not appear to have informed, a source close to prison authorities said. The general secretary of the opposition Democracy Labour Confederation (CDT) and member of the political bureau of the Socialist Union of People's Forces (USFP) was released on orders of King Hassan II.

Shell kills 12 in Sarajevo

a partir de la comención de la comención de

SARAJEVO (AP) — A shell reportedly killed 12 people lining up for water Monday as a water shortage in the Bosnian capital increased the threat of disease. The last major source of drinking water on Sarajevo was cut over the weekend. But Bosnia's Muslim president and the leader of Bosnian Serbs signed an agreement Monday that could restore utilities to the desperate city. Bosnian radio quoted the Bosnian army as saying 12 people were killed and 15 wounded at a water tap when a shell exploded the suburb of Dobrinja, near the city's airport.

Jordan, PLO set up panels on cooperation ahead of confederation

By Mariam M. Shahin Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — Jordan and the Palestine Liberation Organisa-tion (PLO) Monday decided to set up six technical committes to deal with various aspects of Jordanian Palestinian cooperation in what was seen as the first tangible step towards a Jordanian Palestinian confedera-

A joint Jordanian Palestinian higher committee, meeting for the first time since its establishment last month during a visit here of Palestine leader Yasser Arafat, took the decision to establish the committees, which will be in charge of cooperation in affairs related to Jerusalem, refugees and displaced persons, borders and security, water, economic cooperation and legal

Informatioo Minister Maan Abu Nowar, who headed the Jordanian side to the meeting, told the Jordan Times that the three and-a-half-hour meeting at the Foreign Ministry discussed coordinating the Jordanian and Palestinian positions "on the different subjects which have immediate concern to the peace process and future relations between the two oations — the Jordanian and the Palestinian."

Dr. Abu Nowar and Mahmoud Abbas, PLO Executive committee member, later briefed Prime Minister Abdul Salam Al Majali about the meeting and reported the poiots on which they had agreed to proceed.

up the six technical committees, the meeting also decided to create operations committee and an information coordinating com-

"The two delegations have reemphasised the special relations between the two nations and the necessity for a concentrated effort to achieve a just and comprehensive and permanent peace which will guarantee the full rights of the Palestinian people, particularly in the field of selfdetermination of the Palestinian people on their land," Dr. Abu Nowar said.

"The two parties have agreed on establishing continued dialogue and to discuss the future relations between the two nations," said Dr. Abu Nowar, stressing that there was a "Palestinian nation" and not just Palestinian people."

The meeting came less than six hours before Denis Ross, special U.S. coordinator for the Middle East peace talks, was due in Amman to discuss the future of the peace talks with Jordanian

A Foreign Ministry official said the fact that the Jerusalem committee headed the list of six committees formed was a message to the visiting American official that the issue of Jerusalem cannot be sidetracked if the peace process is to succeed.

The official, who asked to remain anonymous, sald the com-mittees would be looking at the technical aspects entailed in selfrule as well as joint projects

the now Israeli-occupied territories and Jordan.

There will be many common concerns and issues once Palestinians begin ruling themselves because Jordan, which once ruled the now-occupied territories, has intimate knowledge about many of these mariers," said the government official.

"But joint economic, administrative and security issues are also part and package of this diaogue," added the official.

The Jordanian side of the commirice includes: Minister of Information Maan Abu Nowar, Minister of State for Foreign Affairs Talal Al Hassan, Minister of Municipal and Rural Affairs and the Environment Mahdi Farhan and Minister of Water and Irrigation Bassem Kakish. The Palestinian side of the committee is led by PLO Executive Committee member Mahmoud Abbas, and includes fellow executives Yasser Abed Rabbo and Yasser Amer. Overall head of the Palestinian delegation to the peace talks Faisal Al Husseini and Palestinian Ambassador to Jordan Al Tayyeb Abdul Rahim are also members of the commit-

His Majesty King Hussein and Mr. Arafat co-chair the joint higher committee.

An official quoted by Reuter said that through the technical committees, "we hope to lay the foundations for a future house (confederation), and in the mean-

(Continued on page 10)

Iraqis brace for new strike

Combined agency despatches

BAGHDAD - Iraq accused senior U.N. officials Monday of engineering a dispute over missile testing to set it up for a fresh U.S.-led military strike and Iraqis prepared for the worst.

Hundreds of chanting demonstrators turned out for what has become a daily protest outside U.N. offices in Baghdad during the standoff over the monitoring of missile tests allowed under the 1991 Guif war ceasefire.

At the United Nations, the five permanent Security Council members were meeting Monday in the wake of Iraq's latest refusal to allow U.N. weapons inspectors to seal test missile sites near Baghdad,

Diplomats said the meeting involving Britain, France, China, Russia and the United States could authorise a trip by Rolf Ekeus, who heads the commission supervising Iraqi disarma-ment, to Baghdad in an effort to persuade authorities to comply with U.N. demands.

Mr. Ekeus ordered the sealing of the two sites after Iraq refused to allow the installation of surveillance cameras.

A team of three weapons experts led by American Mark Silver left Iraq abruptly Sunday after being barred from sealing the test sites.

Iraqis said they felt tricked after Mr. Silver started scaling off one of the sites with hopes after saying he would relay an Iraqi request to have the equipment dismantled and moved to other sites instead.

France said the United Nations alone should decide how to respond to Iraq.

U.S. Vice President Al Gore warned Sunday that the United Nations could approve the use of force to resolve the latest dispute.

"It is a matter we are following closely, but we must remember that it is the United Nations that will determine the action it judges necessary (to take against Iraq)," said French foreign ministry spokeswoman Catherine Col-

China distanced itself from talk of a possible strike against Iraq. A Chinese foreign ministry spokeswoman called for all the Security Council's resolutions on

Iraq to be carried out fully.
"We are of the view that the relevant resolutions of the U.N. Security Council should be implemented comprehensively and effectively," she said.

"As for problems that have occurred ... we hope that the parties concerned will seek to settle them through consultation and dialogue."

Despite the tensions, Iraqi de-legates met with U.N. officials Monday morning to discuss a proposed one-time sale of oil that would enable Baghdad to buy food and humanitarian supplies. In the past, Iraq rejected the proposed \$1.6 billion sale, but because of economic hardship at home, now appears closer to accepting terms it once said violated its sovereignty.

Iraqis stocked up on supplies and holed up at home.

His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the Regent, Monday confers with Washington's Middle East coordinator Dennis Ross (to the Regent's right) and Assistant Secretary of State Edward Djerejian (to Mr. Ross' right) in a meeting attended by Prime Minister Abdul Salam Al Majali (second from right) and Royal Court Chief Khaled Al Karaki (Petra photo)

Ross holds talks in Amman, says tour saw serious desire for peace

Jordan suggests direct PLO role; U.S. wants Palestinians to accept its proposal with Israel and reiterated that he had offered several times to meet

By Wafa Amr Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - U.S. Mideast peace coordinator Dennis Ross said after talks with His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the Regent, and Jordanian officials Monday that his regional tour revealed that all parties involved in Arab-Israeli peace negotiations were serious to advance the peace process.

"The discussions are revealing one thing that is important," Mr. Ross said. "It is that all parties are quite serious and if we are going to make progress, we are going to make progress because all the parties are serious to make that progress."

The U.S. envoy told reporters "are beginning to help us move ahead and we still have a long way to go."

Mr. Ross departed for Israel for a second time during his peace shuttle in the region. His regional tour also included Egypt, Syria and Jordan in an attempt to revive the stalled peace negotiations after the 10th round of talks ended with no tangible progress.

During a brief visit to Jordan, the U.S. peace team met separately with Crown Prince Hassan Al Majali and other Jordanian officials.

In Jordan, Mr. Ross also met with overall head of the Palestinian peace delegation Faisal Hus-

The Jordan run News Agency, Petra, said Prince Hassan briefed the American official on Jordan's position and on the Kingdom's assessment of the results of the negotiations and the ideas proposed to advance the peace process in order to reach a just, lasting and comprehensive peace. Mr. Ross, who was accompa-

nied by Assistant Secretary of State Edward Djerejian, said his discussions in Jordan "were very good and covered a lot of issues of mutual concern.

"I was satisfied with these dismeetings. During a separate meeting at

the Prime Ministry immediately upon Mr. Ross' arrival from Damascus, Dr. Majali stressed Jordan's commitment to achieving just and comprehensive settlements in all tracks of negotiations with Israel, Petra said. It said the prime minister told

the visiting U.S. officials that the peace process would gain new impetus with the participation of Palestinians, not only through Liberation Organisation (PLO), but also through a direct role for the PLO in the peace talks since it is the sole, legitimate representa-tive of the Palestinian people.

PLO officials, who met with Dr. Majali prior to his talks with Mr. Ross, said they asked Jordan to convey the Palestinian position on a U.S. draft proposal on Palestinian interim selfgovernment in the occupied terri-tories. They said they also wanted Jordan to stress that the peace process had reached a stage where the direct involvement of the PLO in the peace talks would advance the process.

The PLO directs the Palestinian delegation in the peace pro-cess, but the U.S. and Israel refuse to open direct dialogue

circles in the U.S. Administration believed that the PLO was obstructing progress in the Palestinian-Israeli track of negotiations because it wanted to be directly involved in the peace process. But PLO officials said that the rounds of peace talks did not make progress because of Israeli intransigence and recently because the U.S. presented a draft proposal on interim selfgovernment arrangements that

and Prime Minister Abdul Salam coordination with the Palestine (Continued on page 10) U.N. blasts Aideed base; mobs kill two journalists

Combined agency dispatches

MOGADISHU - U.S. helicopters killed at least 30 people when they rocketed a meeting of aides of Somalia's main warlord on Monday, hospital sources said, sparking the revenge killing of two foreign journalists with two

more missing, feared dead.

A military source in the U.N. Operation in Somalia (UNISOM II) said a target of the raid was a house where leading members of Mohammad Farah Aideed's Somali National Alliance-United Somali Congress (SNA-USC) met regularly.
The aim was 10 "decapitate"

General Aideed's faction, smash the command and control capability of the SNA-USC and punisb recent attacks on U.N. peacekeeping forces, the U.N. source said. Gen. Aideed bimself was not

present during the raid by American Cobra gunships armed with missiles and machine-guns, the spokesman added. The aircraft also attacked the headquarters of the USC.

Initial UNISOM figures put the death toll at 13 with around 15 wounded, a U.N. spokesman said, adding that the casualty figures could rise.

After the raid, an angry mob at the scene killed German photographer Hansi Kraus, who worked for the Associated Press (AP) news agency and Reuters photographer Don Eldon, 22. Two other journalists were missing, feared killed by Somalis armed with stones and guns. It named them as Anthony Macharia and Hosea Maina, special envoys sent from Nairobi.

Mohamamd Shaffi, another opinion nor by parliament in our country." Mr. Fabbri said in the Reuters TV soundman from Kenya, was reported stabbed. shot in the leg and stoned by the mob. He was rescued by colleagues and taken to a U.S. army field hospital (see page 2).

Reporters and photographers headed towards the scene of the helicopter assault in several vehicles shortly after the bombardment ended. The six journalists got separated from the rest of their colleagues, who were driven away by gunfire. Somali interpre-ters and drivers returned later and said they saw three bodies. U.N. troops have stepped up

efforts to restore order in this chaotic city over the past week. Somali gunmen have been roaming the streets virtually at will since 24 Pakistani U.N. soldiers were slain in an ambush June 5. opening a round of attacks on U.N. forces that have killed a total of 35 soldiers and wounded

Krauss was the second AP journalist to die on the job in three months. Sharon Herbaugh, chief of the AP bureau in Islamabad, Pakistan, died April 16 in a helicopter crasb in the mountains of Afghanistan. Italy called for the suspension

of U.N. combat operations in Somalia and said the aims of the peackeeping mission there should be reviewed.

In a statement issued hours after Monday's attack. Defence Minister Fabio Fabbri said the mission was in danger of turning into "a long period of conflict.

"A choice of this nature, with its extremely high risk, indeed lost is shared neither by public ple."

statement.

"We should say that to the United Nations and to the USA with loyalty and clarity." he said.

Hospital sources in Mogadishu said 30 bodies had been brought in during the day, and that medical staff were treating 85 wounded people, including five children and eight women.

Aideed supporters brought 16 bodies in a lorry and two pick-up trucks to a hotel where international journalists are staying, and said 29 people had died in the operation.

But Gen. Aideed's spokesman. Hussein Dhimbil, said 70 people had been killed in the rocket attack on the home of Gen. Aideed's "interior minister," Abdi Mobammad Awale, near the Digfer hospital.

In London the SNA said 100 people had died in the U.N. attack, and vowed to fight on until all U.N: troops had left the country.

The SNA would "continue our struggle until we see that last U.N. colomal soldiers leave Somalia," the statement said.

Describing the UNISOM raid in Mogadishu Monday as "barbaric and cowardly," the statement said the attack had brought an end to any hope of bringing back stability to Mogadishu.

"We are no longer committed to talking to UNISOM officers," the statement added, accusing U.S. troops of aiming to "continue with their mass genocide

Arafat confirms contacts with Israel

Price: 150 Fils

Combined agency dispatches

TUNIS - Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Chairman Yasser Arafat confirmed Monday an Israeli newspaper report that Israel and the PLO held secret negotiations to break a deadlock in Middle East peace talks.

But Mr. Arafat said the "high level" contacts between Israel and the PLO had been "unsuc-

Two meetings took place last month in Washington, he told reporters in Tunis. Mr. Arafat said the PLO was

'ready" to set up new contacts Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin. -Mr. Rabin's spokesman officially denied such meetings were taking place.

"The contacts Israel has with the Palestinians take place and will take place solely in the framework fixed by the Madrid peace process," spokesman Gad Ben Ari told AFP.

"We deny that any secret dialogue exists between Israeli officials and Palestinians as described by Haaretz."

The daily, quoting "an impor-tant political source in Istael," reported Monday that Israel was holding secret negotiations with the PLO in a bid to achieve a breakthrough in the Middle East peace talks.

According to Haaretz, the meeting have been taking place A Western diplomat said that | Arab country with the approval of Mr. Rabin and Mr. Arafat and the knowledge of the United States, the sponsors of the peace process.

> Israeli envoys "of high enough rank to take decisions" have been briefed to seek to find a way out of the impasse at the bilateral peace negotiations, it said.

> Israel has always refused to deal with the PLO, saying it is a "terrorist" organisation. The PLO is not officially represented in the talks, but the Palestinian negotiators confer regularly at PLO headquarters in Tunis.

Arafat adviser Nabil Shaath, said in Cairo PLO and Israeli officials met in Washington and in Oslo, Norway, in an artempt to bridge the gap in the Middle East peace talks.

"The contacts have been going on for some time but they were not successful," Mr. Arafat said. He did not give the names of the PLO officials conducting the talks with the Israelis or any other details.

PLO officials, speaking on condition of anonymity, said PLO and Israeli officials met in Oslo May 7 and 8 and agreed to continue their contacts, which were brokered by Norwegian Foreign Minister Johan Jorgen Holst. Mr. Holst, who arrived in

Tunis Monday, will meet Mr. Arafat and is arranging further contacts between PLO and Israeli officials, the unidentified PLO officials said. Akiva Eldar, a political analyst, told Israel army radio he

had also heard of the contacts and speculated that the reported breakthrough might be related to a "Gaza first" solution. Left-wing Israeli cabinet minis-

ters have proposed that if negotiations on a broader agreement reach deadlock Israel withdraw first from Gaza and turn over control to the PLO.

Haaretz quoted its source as saying that both sides were close to agreement on thorny issues such as Jerusalem and the nature of a proposed Palestinian auton-

Despite the failure, Mr. Arafat said the PLO was ready for further contacts.

"I appealed for a meeting (with Mr. Rabin) to make an honourable peace and I have renewed the appeal last month at the Organisation of African Unicertainty, that human lives will be and massacre of the Somali peo. Ity summit (OAU)," in Cairo, he

Lebanon: Peace depends on Israeli pullout from south

BEIRUT - Chief Lebanese peace negotiator Suheil Shammas said Monday peace in southern Lebanon could only be restored after an Israeli troops withdrawal

from the region. Israel, has threatened to carry out puritive strikes in Lebanon after anti-Israeli guerrillas killed five Israeli soldiers on Thursday and Friday.

But Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin was waiting to hear from U.S. envoy Dennis Ross before taking any action. Israel Radio reported earlier Monday. Uri\ Lubrani, coordinator for

Israeli activities in Lebanon, has meanwhile said: "We are facing premeditated escalation and we will have to react differently from in the past. "The restraint and patience

which we have manifested for many months is reaching its limits. Mr. Shammas said in response to Mr. Lubrani's statement: "We

have told the Israelis more than once that they should avoid flexing their muscles." He warned that an escalation in

Combined agency despatches southern Lebanon would lead to

a 'catastrophe. "Calm and security in South Lebanon depend foremost and only on an Israeli withdrawal to international borders," Mr. Shammas added.

Israel moved artillery and

troop reinforcements into the buffer or "security zone" in southern Lebanon. On Sunday the Israeli cabinet reviewed options to halt attacks

by Palestinian and Lebanese resistance fighters who allegedly receive arms from Iran via Damascus. Officials said ministers postponed any decision. Mr. Ross met Syrian President Hafez Al Assad on Monday be-

fore flying on to Jordan in a bid to narrow differences between Israel and the Arabs on the Middle East peace talks. After Amman he returned to occupied Jerusalem. The Iranian-backed Hizbollah

which claimed responsibility for killing three Israeli soldiers Friday, denounced "Ross' regional tour which it said was aimed at forcing Arabs to "capitulate." Israeli planes staged mock air.

Hizbollah threatened to extend its war into Israel if it retaliated for the killing of five soldiers. Planes swooped over Palesrinian refugee camps near the port of Sidon and the Iqlim al Toufah ridge stronghold of the Hizbollah

to the southeast, witnesses said. A lone Israeli plane broke the sound barrier over Beirut. A Hizbollah official told Israel to avoid taking "foolish action" to avenge last week's killings. Hussein Al Khalil, head of Hizbollah's political bureau, was quoted in a statement Sunday as

saying the group was "ready to

open the whole front and cross all

political and georgraphic bor-Guerrillas went on alert across Lebanon after Palestinian fighters killed two Israeli soldiers and wounded three in an ambush on Thursday and Hizbollah militants killed three and wounded five

Hizbollah-run Voice of the Oppressed radio said Mr. Khalil also urged the Lebanese government to order its army to support guerrilla raids against Israel's "security zone" in South Lebaraids over South Lebanon and non held by Israeli troops,

Yemen is fighting a losing battle against locusts

By Habib Trabelsi Agence France Presse

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MANAMA — Impoverished Yemen is fighting a losing battle against a plague of locusts that has swept in from the Horn of Africa, and Saudi Arabia and covers more than a fifth of its territory.

"The situation is hopeless," said Mohammad Al Ghashem, head of the Agriculture Ministry's crisis department which is working around the clock trying to contain the infesta-

"The government and air force are on alert. We've been able to clear more than 100,000 bectares, but more than a fifth of our entire country is infested hy locusts," he told AFP hy telephone.

In Rome, the U.N.'s Food and Agriculture Organisation (FAO) confirmed that Yemen was facing a tough problem and said it lacked the funds to deal with it. A meeting between FAO and donor countries would be held soon to find a solution, a spokesman said. 'Swarms have been signalled in central Yemen and in the northern mountains," said Max de Montaigne, an expert at the FAO's emergency centre for locust operations.

But he said it was difficult to

track down the number of crickets plaguing Yemen because of their mobility. Ethiopia, Eritrea, Somalia and Diibouti were also stricken and a swarm was seen beading toward Oman on June 4, he said.

In Yemen, the plague stretches from Saada, on the border with Saudi Arabia, to Hadhramaut, an area of more than half a million square kilometres.

Every day the north wind brings in swarms of tens of millions of locusts from Saudi Arabia," Mr. Ghashem said. "They are concentrated for

now in central desert regions hut are beginning to spread to the fertile coastal areas, where the rainy season, which sours their reproduction, was unusually long this year."
Mr. Ghashem said conflicts

in the adjacent Horn of Africa were preventing countries there from fighting the plague.

"We have the manpower capable of tackling this but we don't have the necessary equipment, particularly helicopters able to spray in remote areas," he added.

that single swarms in eastern Africa could cover 1,000 square kilometres destroying He criticised fellow Arab all crops in their path. Yemen, which lies on the southern tip of the Arabian Peninsula, is one of the world's

countries and the Arab Organisation for Agricultural Development for failing to help, singling out the Saudi authorities, who "bave not even sent

Shot twice, TV man escapes Somali mobs

MOGADISHU (R) - A Somali He had been beaten to death. gunman shot Reuters Television me with mobs chasing. He was cameraman Mohammad Shaffi twice Monday when he tried to with Anthony (Macharia, a Reuvisit the scene of a U.S. helicopter gunship attack on a suspected nerve centre of warlord Moham-

mad Farah Aideed. Bleeding and beaten, he got up and ran to safety.

"I said, 'shit. This guy is gonna kill me hut I'm not gonna die on the ground'," a shaken Shaffi said after his discharge from a U.S. military hospital with gunshot

"So I got up and ran. I just kept running. I saw a oich p truck in front of me so a dived into the back," sa. Mr. Shaffi, who was treated for a wound to the head and one to the ear on the day when Somalis turned their anger on the Western

Reuters photographer Dan Eldon was beaten to death while another Reuters photographer and a Reuters Television soundman were missing and presumed dead. Also killed was a German photographer working for the

Associated Press. The car that picked up Mr. Shaffi drove him through narrow hackstreets trying to reach a Mogadishu hospital hut was prevented by angry mobs throwing stones at the Western media after

the attack. Finally it dumped him outside the "Hotel Sahafi" — the journalists' hotel — where Western round of Mngadishu violence are

staying. Semi-conscious, he was driven past mobs lying in the back of another pickup truck to the U.S. military hospital inside the fortress where the United Nations retreated after a June 5 attack which killed 24 Pakistani peacekeepers.

Mr. Shaffi said he was filming inside the compound when he was roughed up by Somalis searching for their dead and injured. He gave his camera to a Somali he recognised before fleeing.

He said he was beaten, punched and kicked as he ran searching for cover. He hurst into a nearby residential compound but was chased back onto the street by the woman living in it.

up against the wall. He fired from revisiting it. three, four or five rounds at me, I don't know, but I was knocked down and thought, 'I am not gonna die lying down'."

to see Reuters photographer

"I saw Dan running ahead of

ters Television soundman). "I thought, 'oh my God, these guys are going to get out of there but I'm not'."

Mr. Macharia and fellow Kenyan Hos Maina, a Reuter photo-grapher who arrived in Mogadishu Monday to replace Mr. Eldon, were both missing and presumed dead after the attack, killed by Somalis furious at the latest raid on propert; associated with General Aideed.

Witnesses said they saw Mr. Eldon inside the bombed compound being stoned by a moh. Mr. Macharia had already fled the huilding when it happened but more crowds were outside. A German photographer working for the U.S. Associated Press

news agency was also reported dead by Somalis who knew him. They said his body was close to the bombed compound but angry Somalis would not let anyone approach to retrieve it.

Later Somalis brought the bodies of 16 Somalis, one a woman, to the Hotel Sahafi, covered in sheets and flies.

They said there were 29 bodies altogether although an Aideed aide, Mohammad Dimble, told journalists that 74 people had been killed in the attack and 200 were wounded.

It was impossible to verify this or other casualty claims because reporters covering the latest Somalis prevented journalists from reaching the city's Benadir and Digfer hospitals.

> "Don't go, don't try to get in, they'll kill you in there," one Somali known to Reuters told journalists who tried to get into

the grounds.

Mr. Shaffi was trying to film
the house of Abdi Kabdid, interior secretary in Gen. Aideed's so-called inner cabinet. Aideed aides say it was the command centre for bis movement.

It was a typical Mogadishu house on two storeys with a turret and one corner which concealed a stairway to the roof where Somalis traditionally spend the cool of

Smoke still billowed from the house hours after the attack but Then this gunman caught me angry mobs prevented journalists

Cobra gunships, their noses dipped like venomous dragonflies, fired prolonged bursts of cannon fire at the building even

'Mr: Shaffi was the last person while it was burning. Three Cobras took part in the Eldon alive. Mr. Edlon's body attack and returned repeatedly to was identified at the same hospit- strafe it and fire anti-tank Tow

UAE has territorial waters law

ABU DHABI (R) — The United Arab Emirates for the first time is defining its territorial waters in the Gulf, a strategic waterway nch in oil and dotted with islands which have been a source of dispute for more than a year.

The UAE cabinet last week passed its first federal draft law on sea boundaries which expands jurisdiction over marine zones, government sources said.
The UAE joins Oman.

Bahrau., Qatar and Iran which have over the past few months issued laws defining their territorial and other sea limits. The UAE and Iran have struggled since last year over control of three strategic Gulf islands.

"The previous territorial waters were based on a cannon shot," one port official said Mon-

"It fills a legal vacuum. There is now one law for all emirates fixing limits for the marine zone, a UAE government advisor told

The draft must be approved by the UAE's consultative council and the rulers of each of the seven emirates and issued in a decree by President Sheikh Zayed Ben Sultan Al Nahayan.

It sets the UAE's territorial waters at 12 nautical miles and its contiguous zone at 24 nautical miles

It also defines an exclusive economic zone in which the UAE has jurisdiction over marine and oil resources up to 200 nautical miles "In the contiguous zone ...we

can combat illegal immigration, smuggling and apply health laws," he said, "In the territorial waters ships have to establisb their innocent passage."

UAE port officials, trying to prevent tankers from flushing oil

sludge into the Gulf, said the law brings UAE territorial waters closer to its port channels which start at 12.5 nautical miles. Previously, territorial waters of six emirates were based on customary limits of three nautical

miles, while Sharjah's territorial waters were fixed by ruler's de-cree at 12 nautical miles in the early 1970s, the adviser said. The UAE and Iran since last vear bave tussled over sovereignty of Abu Musa Island which they jointly controlled since 1972. The

UAE has reasserted its claims to two islands controlled by Iran, the Greater and Lesser Tunbs.

Abu Musa Island lies about 35 nautical miles from the UAE mainland while the Tunbs are

very close to the Iranian coast. Lawyers and oil officials said to affect offshore fields in the

Maps show current boundaries enclosing the UAE's two main offshore fields and cutting through Al Bunduq, an oilfield the UAE shares with Qatar. Oatar and Iran said Sunday

closer Gulf ties were the cornerstone for achieving stability and security in the oil-rich region. A joint statement by the two states stressed the need for boosting "brotherly" cooperation between Iran and the six-council

"This is the cornerstone which (regional states) cannot do without to guarantee their security and stability," said the joint statement which was carried by the

Gulf Cooperation Council

Qatar news agency. The two Gulf neighbours issued the statement at the end of the two days of talks in Tehran between Qatar's foreign minister. Sheikh Hamad Ben Jabr Al Thani, and Iranian leaders.

They also said regional ties should be based on the principles that no state interfere in the internal affairs of its neighbours and that territorial disputes be resolved through dialogue.

Oatar and Iran "stress the need for regional states to achieve security and stability on the basis of mutual respect, the respect of sovereignty rights and independence," the statement added.

NEWS IN BRIEF

Swiss reject Turkish negligence charge

BERNE (R) — Switzerland Monday rejected Turkish accusations of negligence over the policingof Kurdish demonstrations at the Turkish embassy in Berne last month during which a Kurd was killed. Turkey Friday said Switzerland had infringed international agreements by failing to send police to the embassy in time to control the demonstration. The Swiss foreign ministry on Monday issued a statement denying any delay in sending in police. "We point out once more that the police, once alerted... arrived at the scene in the shortest of time," the statement said. The June demonstration set off a diplomatic dispute between Turkey and Switzerland, which has accused Ankara of failing to cooperate with its inquiries into the killing.

Israel and Vietnam establish ties

TEL AVIV (AP) — Israel Monday established diplomatic relations with Vietnam, which joined a growing list of countries that think the road to Washington runs through Israel, radio reports said. Israel's deputy foreign minister, Yossi Beilin, signed an agreement with his Vietnamese counterpart. Nguyen dy Nien at a Jerusalem hotel, army radio said. Vietnam joins other ostracised nations like North Korea and Libya that in recent months have made gestures towards Israel, perceiving it has a means of rapprochement with Washington. "I thiok Israel has many friends in the United States, and I think the Israeli community in the United States is very, very strong," Mr. Nguyen told Israel radio.
Israel has never had ties with any Vietnamese government. Both countries have hosted trade delegations in recent months in anticipation of the establishment of relations.

Blast kills 3 Lebanese soldiers on hunt

BEIRUT (R) Three Lebanese soldiers hunting for rabbits were killed and an officer was wounded when a landmine wrecked their vehicle in northern Lebanon, the army said on Monday. Military sources said the mice exploded near the mountain village of Akoura, 45 kilometres northwest of Beirut, late on Sunday when the four-wheel-drive vehicle hit it during the hunt. They said the mine was on a former frontline and was left over from Lebanon's 15-year civil war, which ended in 1990.

Kuwait denies abuse charges by maids

KUWAIT (R) --- Kuwait denies allegations of abuse made against employers of Filipina domestic workers, a government minister said in remarks published Monday. Kuwait respected the rights of all residents including expatriate labourers, Cabinet Affairs Minister Abdul Aziz Al Dakhil was quoted as saying by Al Watan newspaper. Al Watan said he was responding to a Reuter report on Suoday which quoted Filipina maids as saying on their return to Manila that they had been beaten or raped by employers Kuwait, Presideot Fidel Ramos Sunday ordered the Philippine foreign office to investigate the accusations. The maids were among about 400 who bave returned bome in groups in recent weeks under a Kuwaiti-funded repatriation scheme. The 400 had alleged mistreatment by employers. The newspaper said Mr. Dakhil strongly denied the Reuter report about mistreatment of Filipinas in Kuwait. "Kuwait is extremely anxious to respect the human rights of all people living in Kuwait," the newspaper quoted him as saying.

Israeli prosecutor sacked over political outburst

TEL AVIV (AFP) — Justice Minister David Libai sacked Monday a deputy state prosecutor known for ber far right-wing views after she questioned a left-wing parliamentarian's allegiance to Israel. Mr. Lihai described as "inadmissible" a statement from Plia Albeck casting doubts on the loyalty of Meretz's Chaim Orow who backs an independent Palestinian state in the occupied territories. Ms. Albeck said: "Mr. Oron does not seem to understand that as an MP he owes altegiance to the state of Israel." Mr. Oron has put forward a bill calling for Palestinian victims of "terror attack" to receive the same compensation as Israelis. Two years ago Ms. Albeck pleaded in a Tel Aviv court against compensation for a Palestician whose wife was mistakenly shot dead by the army. The deputy prosecutor alleged her death saved the husband money e no longer had to support a wife. Ms. Albeck hit the headlines again last year when she appealed against compensation granted to a Palestinian who lost both hands when the army ordered him to take a Palestinian flag off electricity wires.

Children die as scorpions invade Iranian villad

TEHRAN (AFP) — Black scorpions have infested a village in central Iran, killing two children and biting 20 others, Salam newspaper reported Monday. The panic-stricken residents of Deil in the region of Gachsaran appealed to authorities for "quick action" to exterminate the scorpions. They said the number of scorpions in the village have sharply increased because buildings had not been sprayed for three years. Many areas in southern and central Iran are breeding grounds for scorpions.

Iranians bound for Japan caught in Far East

MOSCOW (AFP) — Russian border guards in the Far East port of Nakhodka have caught seven Iranians on board a cruise ship bound for Japan, ITAR-TASS reported Monday. The seven men travelled from Azerbaijan and Georgia carrying Ukrainian visas and were given safe passage to the Far East with the "cooperation of several Russian government departmeots," the news agency said. Captain Nikolai Maligin of the ocean liner Petropavlovsk-Kamchatsky, owned by the navigation company of Kamchatta said he had received a telegram from the head offices of company instructing him to take the seven men on board as seamen. Mr. Maligin did so although none of the seven asylumseekers spoke a word of Russian, according to the report which did not specify when the incident occured.

Djibouti releases Frenchwomen

PARIS (R) — Djibouti has released two Frenchwomen, one of them 72 years old, who were accused of supporting rebel forces, France said Monday. "Helene Ascue, 72, and Dalila Assasi, 26, were handed over to our consul-general in Djibouti as a result of a decision by the Djihouti authorities which we welcome," a French foreign ministry spokeswoman said. The ministry said at the weekend it was told by Djibouti, a former French colony, that the women were captured in military operations against rebel forces

Iran reports Iraqi refugee flood

NICOSIA (Agencies) — More than 2,000 Iraqi Shi'ite Muslims have fled to Iran following fresh attacks hy Iraqi government forces in southern Iraq, Iran's official Islamic Republic News Agency (IRNA) reported Mon-

day.
The agency, monitored in Nicosia, said 2,147 refugees from Basra, Amara and Nasinyah had crossed into Iran's Khuzestan province over the past few days and were settled in refugee camps

IRNA quoted them as saying the army attacks had raised tension in Iraq's southern cities. Hundreds of Iraqi Shi'ites fled

to Iran in the wake of their failed revolt against the government in March 1991. Most are housed in most the Islamic Revolution in Iraq refugee camps along the border. " (SCIRI) said in a statement-re-

mates available on the number of Iraqi refugees in the camps. Last yea. Iraqi forces pushed into the southern cities and nearrefugees and rebels had been Iraq has denied Iranian reports

of a new onslaught in the south. U.S.-led Western forces have heen enforcing a "no-fly zone" in southern Iraq since last August to protect Shi'ites from the Iraqi air force. They have reported no new attacks by the Iraqis.

An Iraqi opposition movement said Iraqi government troops were continuing to shell the country's southern marshlands, home to thousands of Shi'ite Muslims.

The shelling of Al Amara and Basra regions is being carried out while the population of these regions suffer from shortages of the food and medicines," the Iranian-based Supreme Council There are no independent esti- leased here.

- SCIRI also called on Iragis living abroad as well as all Muslims to help the marshlands people, who it said were victims of

Last month SCTRI said about 1,000 Iraqis, including women and children, were forced to flee to the border with Iran and that dozens of families had actually crossed into the Islamic republic.

one helicopter because they

think it's nothing to do with

Saudi radio, however, occa-

sionally issues warnings to its

populace about the danger of

eating insects contaminated

to Yemen and expelled

800,000 of its workers because

of its alleged support for Iraq

during its occopation of

Germany has given aid of

\$300,000 plus a belicopter and

I0 tonnes of pesticide. The

European Community bas

promised help "but it is slow in

coming," Mr. Ghashem said. FAO has sent two experts,

an American and Tunisian.

who have been involved in the

eradication campaign for

"Io the past, Yemenis man-

aged to deal with locusts by

collecting them in bags and

eating them, but there are too

many this time," Mr. Ghashem

The FAO warned last month

Saudi Arabia cut off all aid

them.'

with pesticide.

several weeks.

poorest countries.

The group said in a statement in London that Baghdad was draining some of the marshes and refugees had trouble leaving because falling water levels made boats unusable.

Lack of food or medical care, the beat and water-borne diseases had already claimed many victims, the opposition group added.

Iraq marks battle

Iraq on Monday marked the fifth anniversary of a battle with Iran with a 21-gun salute. It was celebrating the 1988 liberation of the southeastern region of Zubeidar at the elid of the

The 21-gun salute was observed in Baghdad and across

eight-year Iraq-Iran war.

Sudan blends Islamic revolution and African roots

B. John West

Reuter KHARTOUM - When the army seized power in Sudan in 1989 and handed it to ideologues who declared an Islamic revolution, shocked Western and secular Arab powers prepared to deal with an Arab

Four years later, there has been no shortage of political conflict between Khartoum's rulers and their ideological foes abroad. But at home, this huge African country still feels anything but a puritanical Muslim society.

Most women dress as they always did. They cover their arms, legs and hair but they do it with loose, brightly coloured shawls, quite unlike the heavy black or grey chadnes worn by Iranian fundamentalists and their admirers in the Arabi World. Few women cover their

faces. Sudan's legal system applies traditional Islamic law. But unlike Pakistan or most of the Gulf countries, the Koranic punishment of amputation for theft bas not been used.

Sudan's 'African-style music still thrives. Singers are national celebrities and big bands play at weddings. Men and women dance together, at least

at middle class celebrations. Khartoum residents say that despite a crackdown on alcohol, the local distilling industry is still going strong, run by southern Christians. It is more normal for policemen to accept a bribe to return the datewhisky apparatus they confiscate than to prosecute.

The obvious reason for the lack of change is that Sudan's Islamic takeover has been driven by a relatively small group, Hassan Torabi's National Islamic Front, which was consistently the third most popular party during the democracy period. Iran's Islamic revolution in 1979 was a

mass movement. But even Dr. Turabi's supporters seem to be driven less by concern to enforce a code of behaviour at home than by a yearning to assert a distinct identity for Sudanese in an Arah and Muslim world that bas often looked down on

"The Sudanese are always fighting to be taken seriously, said one loog-time foreign resident. "Whatever fine words are said about one Arab nation, they know other Arabs don't really accept them as equals because they are black

and African. "What do they have to prove what they are? They have their religion and their language," he added.

Other Arabs, especially from rich Gulf countries, commonly refer to Sudanese by Arabic terms meaning "neg-roes" and even "slaves." In pre-modern times, Arabs were heavily involved in trading in black African slaves. In a stereotype strikingly

similar to white prejudice about hlacks, Arabs often regard Sudanese as naturally lazy and unable to manage their own affairs. Northern Sodanese in turn adopt these views about their southern compatriots.

One southerner, a fluent Arabic speaker who worked in Saudi Arabia, said he was

actually better treated there

than his northern compatriots.

"The thing was, I always

said that I was African, not Arab. The northerners would say they were Arab and the Saudis didn't like this. I don't know a single oortherner who came back with a positive experience."

Unlike Iran, Khartoum rulers are not so much concerned with radicalising people who are already Muslims as in converting the non-Muslims of the south so they at least bear a Mushim name and show loyalty to Islam as a badge of identity. The process has been going

on for centuries. Of Sudan's 26 million people, the 1g million or so in the north are usually referred to as Arabs, to distinguish them from southerners who see themselves as belonging to African tribal cultures. The two sides have been fighting a

four decades since the country gained independence in 1956. In fact, the divide is largely cultural not racial, born of centuries of Arab political domination, conversion to Islam, and beavy intermarriage between the two peoples.

hitter civil war for most of the

Many "Arab" northerners are as black as the tribal "Africans" they are fighting and the two groups share many of the most basic mannerisms. Like the southern tribes, for iostance, northern Sudanese often click their tongues to mean

The government has introduced some Iranian-style features which are slowly hardening the differences between north and south. Defence militias now enlist young men to fight in the south as a holy war and rebels are referred to in the official media as "infidels."

But leading politicians often present "the Islamic trend" as a way to express national identity and mobilise a backward society, touching less on issues of moral corruption and legal rectitude that obssess Muslim fundamentalists else-

"Sudan is a traditional society. Any movement which does not recognise that is boond to fail," Dr. Turabi said in an interview recently. "If you base your logic on religion, custom will find it hard to oppose,"

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14-year-old boy missing

AMMAN - The case of another emissing child has been reported; 7-this time of a 14-year-old Zarga -boy who was last seen Friday in i'the company of two strange men. Family members and police are Musa, the eldest son of Mohammad Musa, a locksmith in Zarga, who disappeared when on an

errand in the main Zarga market. said Mamoun Tumati, a cousin. Samer, the eldest of six siblings, was getting an empty carton for his father, who runs a keycutting shop in Zarqa, Mr. Tuma-

ti told the Jordan Times. The boy was last seen "in the company of two strange young men, walking away from the direction of his father's shop," he

The family informed police when the boy failed to return home and put advertisement in local papers along with his photo. No one had responded to the advertisements until press time

"At first everyone thought the boy had gone wandering and would come hack by evening although it was not in his nature to do so," said Mr. Toumati, adding that as far as the family knew, the boy had one dinar on him when be went missing.

The family also searched the Windat camp outside Amman after a divinator consulted by the family said the boy could be found there.

"We spent the enure day in the camp after the sheikh said Samer could be found in a Wihdat restaorant," Mr. Tumati said.

Zarqa police sources said they had registered the case of a missing boy and bad adopted "the usual procedures in such cases" - meaning an all-point bulletio and description of the boy distributed to all patrol vehicles.

Mr. Tumati and a female member of the family reached by the phone said the missing boy did not have any family problems that could have prompted him to leave home and stay away.
"As far as we know, the boy

was very obedient and did not quarrel with anyone in the famisaid Mr. Toumati. Following the release of the

advertisement in Monday's pap-

Majali urges reduced ers, giving two Zarqa phone numbers for anyone who had any bureaucracy knowledge of the whereabouts of

the boy, the family received AMMAN (Petra) — Prime Minister Abdul Salam Al Majali several mysterious calls, Mr. Monday urged employees of the "The caller would not identify Ministry of Social Development himself but would ask 'has Samer to "deal with the public in a spirit been found?" " said Mr. Tumati. of cooperation and to be ration-"The caller hung up immediately al" in handling public issues.

> "Successful performance depends on the principle of sharing and dialogue and dealing with substance rather than form," said the prime minister during a visit to the ministry.

He called on the civil servants to cut down on routine work and urged weekly meetings between the heads of departments and their subordinates, especially those in direct contact with the

"Civil servants ought to help avoid bureaucracy as much as possible, and promote a spirit of understanding and mutual respect among themselves so that they can form a united team. working for the higher national interest," Dr. Majali said.

Parliamentary delegation returns home after talks with Sudanese officials

AMMAN (Petra) — A Jordanian Parliamentary delegation led by Speaker of the Lower House of Parliament Abdul Latif Arabiyat returned to Amman Monday following a several-day visit to Sudan during which it held talks with Sudanese parliamentarians.

Dr. Arabiyat said upon arrival in Amman that the talks with Sudanese parliamentarians covered Jordanian-Sudanese cooperation in Education, higher education, agriculture and other

The two sides issued a joint statement following the talks, giving details of the topics reviewed during the Jordanian Parliamentary delegation's visit, noting that the delegation had a meeting with Sudanese President Omar Al Bashir whom they conveyed greetings from His Majesty King Hussein and the Jordanian peo-

The Jordanian deputies also met with Sudanese ministers of Higher Education, Agriculture, Finance and National Economy in separate sessions.

a number of economie projects methods and techniques used in and military training camps Khartoum and Um Durman.

According to Dr. Arabiyat, the joint statement highlighted Jordanian-Sudanese cooperation in higher education, urging the governments of the two countries to grant scholarships for students from both countries to pursue higher studies. The statement urged the universities of the two countries to conduct joint efforts in Arabising publications on sci-ence for the benefit of Arab students.

In the agriculture and economic fields, the statement called for cooperation between Jordan and Sudan in exploiting natural resources and livestock wealth. The Jordanian side, according to the statement, voiced apprecia-tion for Sudan's efforts to promote agricultural development. It also called for joint efforts to further promote Sudan's endeavours to increase cereal and

meat production. The Sudanese side expressed on the Arab and Islamic govern- Lebanon.

The Jordanian deputies toured desire to benefit from advanced agriculture in Jordan, like drip irrigation systems.

In the political field, the Jordanian side voiced support for Sudan's "pan-Arab and pan-Islamic orientation". The statement said that the two sides called on Arab and Muslim countries to end their disputes "through peaceful means and direct their potentials and efforts towards fighting the Zionist enemy."...
The statement reaffirmed the

need for Jordanian and Sudanese parliamentarians to exchange visits and bolster ues between

their coontries. The latest U.S. missile attack on Iraq was condemned by the joint statement, which also deplored continued sanctions imposed on the Iraqi people. It called on the Arab Nation's parliamentarians to step up efforts to confront "the conspiracies being batched against the Arab Nanon." The statement also called

Dr. Abdul Latif Arabiyat

ments to set up an Islamic parliamentary union to deal with conspiracies facing the Islamic Nation and urged Arab and Islamic governments to work toward repatriating the Palestinian 400 expellees stranded in southern

Meeting assesses agricultural output

BAQAA (J.T.) — A group of 50 Jordanian researchers Monday opened a three-day meeting to discuss progress in the "Mashreq Project" which aims at increasing the productivity of burley, forage and sheep in Syria. Jordan and

The output of this agricultural season and plans and programmes for the coming season will be on the top of the agenda of the meeting, according to a Ministry of Agriculture announcement.

The meeting, being held at the National Centre for Agricultural Research and Technology Transfer, is an annual gathering organised by the Ministry for Jordanian specialists to assess the agricultural production in the country on a regular hasis, said the

By Tareq Ayyoub

Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - Three political acti-

vities have asserted that "the

continuous American aggression, agaisn't Iraq" is aimed at weaken ing the Arab World in order to impose "a new U.S.-dominated

Mansour Murad, a member of

secretary of

the Lower House of Parliament

and president of Jordan National

Youth Association, Taysir Al

"Jordan People's Party, and Jalai

Abbasi, assistant general-

secretary of the Arah Lawyers Association, agreed at a seminar

on "American continuous aggres-

'sion on Iraq" Saturday that Arab

regional order."

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Addressing the opening session was Mahmond Dweiri, the centre's director, underlined the importance of the project and called for conveying its results to local farmers. He said that farmers ought to be aquainted with modern technology used to develop agricultural production.

The Mashreq Project, initiated Development Programme (UNDP) and the Arab Fund for Economic and Social Studies (AFESS) aims at increasing the production of cereals, animal feed and sheep in three neighbouring Arab countries.

Areas (ICARDA) is providing side by side with the farmers.

Activists say Iraq victim of U.S. 'conspiracy

embargo on Iraq.

vas unavoidable

Arabs."

countries should lift the U.N.

U.S. has led American leaders to

implement its "politics against

U.S. used many pretexts to attack

Mr. Zabri remarked that the

"Economic recession in the

technical support for the project. The five-year project focuses on transferring technology, available in the national programmes, to farmers and sheep owners by conveying to them the benefits that they cao achieve by applying recommended technology, said Dr. Dweiri.

Tumati said.

after we said 'no'

"We don't know whether these

were prank calls or someone who

.was anxious to know whether we

had found the boy," he added.

third reported disappearace of

children in the last three months.

sing in late July and was found

murdered in a cemetery a few

days later. A 20-year-old cousin

who was hostile to the boy's

father was arrested and later rc-

ported to have confessed to sodo-

in Aqaba, where an eight-year-old girl was raped and killed. The

body was found in a box in an

abandoned house. A suspect was

arrested in the case and was

reported to have confessed to the

The second cases was reported

mising and killing the boy.

A nine-year-old boy went mis-

The case of Samer was the

The project also focuses on training national teams and enin 1989 by the United Nations hancing interactions between researchers and extension special-

ists in the three countries.
According to ICARDA office here, the project applies a farm-ing system approach with animal plant integration.

The activities are undertaken The International Centre for by multi-disciplinary national Agricultural Research in the dry teams where researchers work

> Iraq and curb its technological development. "Conspiracies against Iraq were planned before its occupa-tioo of Kuwait" in August 1990, he said.

adopt an imperialist policy to-wards, Arab," said Mr. Murad. This policy, he said, requires that Mr. Zabri, who has just re-Arab markets be open to Amerturned from Iraq where a cultural ican consumer goods. ... Mr. Murad said he believes cooperation agreement was signed between his party and Iraq played a major role in the anti-American camp and there-Iraq's ruling Ba'ath Party, emphasised that the "new regionfore the "destruction of its milital order maintains Israel's military and economic infrastructure and strengthens the Jewish state's Mr. Murad added that the U.S. hand in the Middle East peace used the U.N. as an umbrella to

process.

"In this new order, Arabs have nothing but to yield to American conditions," Mr. Zabri said.

Korean group arrives for festival

AMMAN (J.T.) - A Korean group comprising three musicians and a painter arrived in Amman Sunday opon the invitation by Musical Conservatory/Noor Al Hussein Foundation to participate in the 12th Jerash Festival for Culture and Arts. The musicians will perform at the main theatre of the Royal Cultural Centre on July 16, 17.

The group comprises Han-Don Lee, conductor and professor at Kang-Won National University, Hae-Jeong Song, pianist who had previously participated in joint recitals in Vienna and Seoul, along with Flutist Jeong Hyun Kim member of Chun-Cheon Municipal Symphony Orchestra in Korea. The Korean musicians will perform pieces by Rossini, Chaminade and Mozart in cooperation with the Orchestra. of the National Music Conservatory. The programme also in-cludes some famous Korean musical pieces, which reflect the distinguished classical music of Korea, io addition to selected

Hong-Lyeon Lee, a painter, will be accompanying the group.

She will display 15 of her paintings at an exhibition to be opeoed at the Royal Cultural Centre on July 15 through July 18. Ms. Lee studied art in Italy and held her own successful dye art exhibition in Rome and Seoul.

Jordanian music.

Jerash Festival comes under fire from local artists

By Samir Barboum Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - The organising committee of the 12tb Jerash Festival for Culture and Arts came under fire Monday from two leading Jordanian singers for what they termed as the unsuitable riming of their shows at the two-week

At a press conference held at the Jerusalem Hotel, Jordanian Singer Omar Al Abdullat said he did not have enough time to prepare for the festival because he learned of his participation at the festival from a television com-

Mr. Abdullat, known mostly for his national songs, said he was in Syria watching Jordan television when he saw the commer-

"I do not have enough time to prepare for the opening night on Wednesday. I will only have one rehearsal tomorrow (Tuesday) before the opening night," he said, adding that he was still not officially informed of his participation.

Another, Jordanian singer, Usama Jabour, who was present at the press conference, charged that the festival administration "was still discriminating against Jordanian singers. Scheduling our concerts in the mid of the week is a very had thing for us," he said. were not available for comment

Mr. Jabour, who will perform at the southern theatre of the Greco-Roman city of Jerash in informed that he was selected to the opening night on Wednesday perform in Jerash four months

Monday

Royal Jordanian Folk Troupe at the 11th Jerash Festival. This year's event promises more local participation but local artists claim the festival and on Tuesday, July 27, said the organising committee should event "because Jerash Festival is

have the largest number of audi-. Mr. Jahour and Mr. Abdullat will be among other Jordanian singers who will perform in the

have scheduled Jordanian activi-

opening night of the festival. Mr. Jabour is the first Jordanian artist to perform on the . The Sha'sha'a couple, who southern theatre of Jerash, which plished Arab singers and worldrenowned music and dance

Mr. Jabour said since he was

crucial point in my life."

ties on weekends to allow them to Other Jordanian singers who will perform in the opening night did not show up at the press conference. Those include Mustafa Sha'sha'a and his wife Suheir Odeh, Rami Shafiq and members of the Ministry of Culture's National Jordanian Troupe.

were in Beirut last Thursday to Song Festival, might not be able to perform at Jerash Festival because they were informed on short notice and did not have enough time to prepare, sources

But head of the Festival's Information Committee Hassan Abu Ghanimeh said the two musicians will participate "be-cause the festival, first of all, is a national event that all Jordanians should work to make it succeed."

administration favours foreign participants (File

In another press conference Monday, Lebanese singer Ragheb Alameh said he was pleased to participate in the festival, adding that he cancelled all other arrangements to be able to

perform at Jeras "As soon as I received the invitation to participate in the conference. I told my manager. to make every thing possible for me to participate in the festival." Mr. Alameh said.

NEWS IN BRIEF

Minister meets poultry farmers

AMMAN (Petra) - Minister of Agriculture Marwan Kamal Mc day met with several chicken breeders and discussed with them the problem of marketing the surplus of their production and the closure of small shops selling slaughtered chicken. Dr. Kamal stressed the importance of their sector and underlined the need to develop it. In another development, the minister received the ambassadors of Germany and Chile in Amman in separate meetings. He discussed with them scopes of cooperation between Jordan and their respective countries in agricultural fields. Dr. Kamal thanked the German ambassador for the assistance extended by his government to several projects carried out by the

Scour receives Spanish donation

AMMAN (Petra) - Minister of Social Development Mohammad Al Squur Monday received from Spanish Ambassador to Jordan Juan Manuel Cabrera a \$200,000 contribution from the Spanish government to the ministry's philanthropic projects. Dr. Sqour and Mr. Cabrera discussed Jordanian-Spanish cooperation in social development fields. At the end of the meeting, the Spanish envoy extended an invitation to the minister to visit Spain and discussed with officials their means of enhancing bilateral cooperation. In addition to the Spanish government's contribution, the Spanish Red Cross has donated food supplies to the ministry to be distributed to needy families in Jordan.

Zarga university president meets French envoy

AMMAN (Petra) - President of Zarqa State University Mohammad Hamdan received in his office in Amman Monday French Ambassador to Jordan Denis Bauchard and discussed with him scopes of future cooperation between the university and French universities in academic and cultural fields. Dr. Hamdan briefed Mr. Bauchard on the goals of the university.

hold talks on refugees AMMAN (J.T.) — Japanese

He said Japan would consider such proposals when they are presented to it.

underlined the need for urging the donor nations to contribute more to the United Nations Relief and Works Agency (UN-RWA) to help it meet its financial commitments and overcome its present budget deficit.

as saying that the general social and health conditions of refugees also reviewed at the meeting.

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Ministry of Education said Monday that salaries of private school teachers should not be lower than those of their colleagues in government schools.

A statement following a

meeting by Minister of Educa-tion Khaled Omari and directors of private schools and attended by members of the Council of Private School Teachers Association said that a joint committee has been set up to study outstanding issues

related to teachers salaries. Due consideration would be given by the committee to financial conditions of certain private schools which have reported low student fees and poor student enrolment, said the statement.

The statement quoted the

minister of education as saying at the meeting that private schools consotute an important sector which contributes towards educational develop-

ment in Jordan. The Ministry of Education is concerned to see the school administrations and teachers reaching agreement on issues, (of conflict among them), partieularly teachers' salaries," said the minister at the meet-

The head of the Teachers Association Council Subhi Assaf outlined problems which teachers face in dealing with private school administrations. According to the ministry statement, the two sides agreed that the Ministry of Education should have a say in

controlling and monitoring

Committee to mediate between teachers,

private schools administrations

The meeting followed repeatedly complaints in the local press by private school teachers and daily newspapers columnists who pointed out that the teachers were being treated unfairly by their respective school administra-

In another development. Dr. Omari met in his office Monday with Fadel Husari, the cultural attache at the Iraqi embassy in Amman and discussed with bim educational cooperation.

Dr. Omari, said the Ministry of Education was keen on implementing educational and cultural agreements with Iraq and accepting Iraqi students in Jordanian universities in

accordance with a programme signed by the two countries.

Dr. Omari also met with Hamad Al Kumi, the charge d'affaires at the Omani embai-

sy in Jordan. Discussion covered the assigning of seats in Jordanian universities to Omani students and the renewal of cultural agreements between Oman and Jordan.

Dr. Omari said that Jordanian universities each year assign a total of 100 seats for Omani students pursuing higher studies in Jordan. But are planning to increase the seats in the light of a new agreement which would offer Omani students seats in the faculties of engineering, medicine and

WHAT'S GOING ON

The following listings are compiled from monthly bulletins and the daily Arabic press. Readers are advised to verify the listed time and place with the concerned institutions.

EXHIBITIONS

🛱 Exhibition of watercolours by Jordanian plastic artist Marwan Al Allan at the Jordanian Writers Association.

* Paintings by Salem Al Dabbagh, Himat Ali and Karim Rassan at the Abdul Hameed Shoman Foundation Gallery (10 a.m.-6 p.m.,)

☆ Art exhibition by 26 Jordanian artists at Eshbeelia Art Gallery, 6th Circle, Amra Shopping Centre. Exhibition of art works by Zuheira Zaqtan at Baladna Art

Gallery.

☆ Bulgarian film entitled "Now Where To?" at the Abdul Hameed Shoman Foundation at 6:30 p.m.

Irsheid, Japanese envoy According to Petra, the

Ambassador to Jordan Yuji Ikeda Monday was briefed on Jordanian government's assistance and services offered to Palestinian refugees living in the country from the head of the Palestinians Affairs Department at the Fore-

ign Ministry Adel Irsheid. A spokesman for the Japanese embassy said Mr. Irsheid "did not present specifie proposals to the ambassador related to Japanese government assistance to the re-

Amhassador said his government would be ready to provide humanitarian assistance to the refugees through the help of Japanese private and public organisations. The agency said Mr. Irsheid

Petra quoted the ambassador

Course on data analysis opens July 18

AMMAN (Petra) — A training course on the use of computers in analysing data on the population growth in the Arab World will start July 18 in Amman. The course, organised by the National Population Committee in cooperation with the European Community (EC), will include lectures and practical training on the concepts of population growth, information sources, ways of assessing data on fertility and mortality rates, migration, population changes and updates to existing information.



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Telephones: 667171/6, 670141-4 Telex: 21497 ALRAI JO Facsimile: 661242

The Jordan Times is published daily except Fridays. Subscription and advertising rates are available from the Jordan Times advertising department.

Lower interest rates

LATEST STATISTICS reveal that inflation in the country has jumped to six per cent during the first half of this year. Economic planners had anticipated only four per cent. Translated into real economic terms, the national economy in several sectors appears to be heading beyond envisaged figures. The higher-than-expected inflation is Hinked to the higher-than-usual bank deposits in Jordanian banks and in turn to surplus liquidity. Latest figures put these Jordanian deposits in the first quarter of the year at nearly JD 7 million something that was bound to heat up the economy in certain areas and in turn cause higher-thantistial increases in prices, especially in housing, clothing and food staples. It is common knowledge that money supply is directly related to inflation and the more money is available the higher the prices of goods and commodities would be. These economic indications may not pose serious hardships to well-to-do Jordanians, but they certainly will cause considerable economic hardships to the majority of Jordanians. It is also common knowledge that economy pressures have political and social implications, especially in an election year where hopes are being pinned on moderates achieving greater presence in the next Parliament. At the rate things are going, extremists will surely capitalise on the sufferings of the poor in the country and translate that into political power. But it is not only elections that. should bother the government. Social and economic justice should always preoccupy the government because any tampering with them would cause instability in the Kingdom. The need to achieve economic and social justice is an objective worthy of attaining on its own merits. Political considerations, be they related to parliamentary elections in the future or to the peace process, are not all that counts in combating high inflationary tendencies in the country.

Jordan prides itself as a country of moderation and as a place where there is equal opportunity for economic and social progress across the board. We certainly do not wish for ourselves a nation of haves and have-nots on a scale that would interfere or prejudice the overall well-being of the

The safest and surest way to scale down the inflation is for banks to reduce interest rates on deposits and savings to even lower levels, whereby the public would be forced to seek higher return on their money by investing their savings in various projects rather than be satisfied with interest from banks.

ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES

AL RA'I Arabic daily commented Monday on the meetings starting in Amman to discuss various topics related to the special relationship between Jordan and Palestine. Despite Israeli attempts to prevent the Arabs in general and the Jordanians and the Palestinians in particular from forging unity, the Jordanians and the Palestinians living on the two sides of the River Jordan are determined to attain unity by all means, said the daily. The meetings, starting at the Foreign Ministry Monday, are the fruit of successful talks started here last week by His Majesty King Hussein and President Yasser Arafat, aimed at maintaining consultations and coordination between the two sides on all issues of mutual concern and with regard to the peace process, the paper pointed out. It said that the continued consultations between the two leaderships are bound to provide the climate opportune for them to draw up joint policies and adopt joint stands with regard to the ongoing peace process and the future developments. The paper said that despite the developments that shook the Middle East over the past decades nothing has shaken the unity of the two peoples on both sides of the river and the meetings starting in Amman Monday are one more manifestation of this fact. The Jordanians and the Palestinians, added the paper, have the same aspirations and share a common destiny and have no alternative

AL DUSTOUR commented on the U.S. envoy Dennis Ross's current four of the region trying to stimulate the peace process. The paper said that there are signs that Mr. Ross's endeavours are heading lowards total failure. This is simply because the U.S. envoy has failed to end Israel's intransigent position and to make the Israeii government accept an amended version of the U.S. document c copy of which was presented to the Palestinians, said the paper. This failure is bound to bring about a complete deadlock is the Arab-Israeli peace negotiations and threatens the whole proc ... with failure, added the paper. As Jordan receives Mr. Ross : Amman Monday, the Kingdom can only express concern and issatisfaction over the outcome of his tour to date, . But it said Jordan still hopes that the Clinton aid the pap admiristratio would exercise pressure on the Israeli government make it c ply with the international legitimacy and accept Council resolutions concerning the Palestine question. Wh Jordan hopes to see, it said, is a more serious attitude on the part of the U.S. administration in its dealings with the peace pre ss and in applying the rules of international legitimacy.

but to unite their efforts for the future.

The View from Fourth Circle

By Rami G. Khouri

An Arab/Islamic marketplace of ideas

It is often suggested, but not yet conclusively proven, that many quarters in the West wish to promote a combination of Islam and Arabism as the new international menace that threatens the western way of life and values. Suddenly, in the wake of fall of communism, the West has awakened to Islam as an uneasy neighbour, a historical enigma, and an increasingly frequent source of terror. The West, with a few exceptions, rarely makes the effort to understand the full depth and texture of Islamic

The predominant intellectual contention of this confrontational school of thought is that, from the perspective of the West — from within the air-conditioned comforts of the artificial world of the suburban shopping mall — Islam is alien, mysterious, historically contentious and therefore it should be presumed dangerous. This is largely based on a combination of ignorance, fear. lack of human contact, narrowness of vision and a strong dose of dramatised commercialism that makes money for western corporate interests but leaves behind a trail of human misconception and misunderstanding that can be deadly in the long run ("The Sheikh", starring Rudolph Valentino, was a captivating American film in the early decades of this century that burned a romantic, fantasy image of Arabs deep into the American psycbe; it is no surprise, therefore, to see that "the sheikh", starring Omar Abdul Rahman, is a captivaring, live, real-life television thriller in the

closing decade of this century).

More sinister perhaps than these depictions of Arabism/Islam is the latest twist to the unfortunate confrontation between two impressive civilisations: the increasingly frequent assertion by westerners, especially Americans, that Islam and democracy are incompatible. Note the subtle but important distinction here: we do not hear many contentions that Arabs cannot be democratic. The operative proposition is that Islam is inherently undemocratic; this viewpoint is manifested in the general American and western tendency to do nothing, or nothing more serious than uttering nice phrases, about democratisation in Arab/Islamic lands. Therefore, the American-led West vigorously uses diplomatic pressure and sanctions to assure democratisation in places such as Hairi, Peru, Nigeria, South Africa, the ex-Soviet Baltic and Central Asian republics, Mali, China, Cambodia and other lands, but no parallel effort is made to promote or restore democracy in Arab/Islamic lands.

The process at work here is deeply sinister and unfortunate, and will only lead to further misunderstanding, confrontation and bloodshed. We see this in the use of terror tactics in the United States itself, apparently by Arabs/Muslims driven by powerful rage at American policies and double standards in the Middle East. The Commercial mall of American materialistic civilisation is itself threatened today by the extremism of ordinary Arabs/ Muslims whose sustained suffering and mass national humiliation has driven them to fanaticism. This is simply one more good reason for Americans and Arabs - or more generally, the predominantly Christian Occident and the predominantly Islamic Orient in general — to work hard to break the cycle of misunderstanding, stereotyping and fear that they are both caught

In this respect, events in Jordan may be able to play a useful role in providing a bridge across which Arabs and Americans may try to reach out to one another and to connect on the basis of something more substantive and more lasting than a movie, a fast food franchise of moreally psychedelic visions of comanticised fantasies. Specifically, dordan offers an opportunity for interested parties in the West To see a process of democratic pluralism slowly unfolding on a day-to-day and week-to-week basis. We are far from being an established, effective democracy, but our society is manifesting deep-rooted pluralistic impulses that should ring with the advocates of liberal democracy. The imthing for foreign observers is to recognise that our brand of democratic pluralism will be different from their brands; for though we aspire to the same ultimate goals of human dignity. social justice, national stability and international peace, our social traditions and value systems are configured differently because of our very different environmental conditions, historical experi-

The dynamic pace of domestic political activity in Jordan in the run-up to the parliamentary elections later this year is a positive sign of the steady trend towards pluralistic democracy that has characterised the country since mid-1989. It is precisely because this has taken place without fanfare, regressions or violence that the developments in Jordan should be appreciated as a possible harbinger of things to come in other Arab/Islamic societies. In many ways. Jordan may be the only Arab/Islamic society whose people and leadership have the opportunity today to express themselves and articulate their aspirations in a climate free from severe economic distortions, political pressures, ideological tensions, military threats and transcontinental economic and security dependencies that have seen once proud Arab cultures assume the status of international wards. I would suggest that if the Arab people were free to determine their future and their political systems, they would probably undergo a process very similar to that which we are experiencing in Jordan today.

Therefore, the number and nature of our political parties are important signs of our emerging political culture. The specific ideological configurations that define the political scene are interesting in themselves because of the breadth of views represented in parties, non-governmental organisations, student and women's groups and other organised groupings. More important, though, is the nature of the process underway — the

formulation by the people of Jordan of a new political culture that responds to their own identity, traditions, rights and aspirations, while also incorporating principles of liberal and representative democracy as practised in other parts of the world.

The ultimate form and content of Jordanian democratic pluralism will require many years and decades to become clear and to evolve into a stable system with a relatively fixed number of players. Many of our existing parties are little more than historical footnotes - mini-patriarchies in which tribal leaders seek to fool history itself by disguising their tribalism under the cloak of superficial political pluralism. Other parties are impressive testaments to our people's quest to build on our rich history and to bonour its lessons in decent communal organisation and along-term national durability. The fact that our 18 existing parties are deeply engaged in a process of political borse-trading, mergers, splits and coalitions is a sign of their individual weaknesses, but also of their serious intent to play a meaningful role in the development of the society and the country.

It is probably fair to say that the variety of Jordanian parties and the richness of their ideological perspectives are as impressive as anything we see in any established democracy in the industrialised world. I am very impressed by the wide range of idcological views on offer in the country, which reflect the people's latent desire to participate in the decisions that affect their lives and their future. The lack of political violence or gridlock that often characterise other transforming societies (Algeria, Nigeria, Cambodia. South Africa) is also beartening.

"From the perspective of the West Islam is alien, mysterious, historically contentious and therefore it should be presumed dangerous. This is largely based on a combination of ignorance, fear, lack of human contact, narrowness of vision and a strong dose of dramatised commercialism that makes money for Western corporate interests but leaves behind a trail of human misconception and misunderstanding that can be deadly in the long run."

The reason for this - and the link with the West's frequently anti-Islamie attitude - is that democratic political pluralism is not so new or alien to our society; it is only a more formal, organised and politicised expression of a legacy of ethnic, religious and cultural pluralism that has defined the Middle East and its Arab/Islamic/semino identity, for thousands of years. The bistorical fact of this region is that for some ten thousand years—ever since the emergence of settled village life—it has always been. characterised by multi-ethnic, multi-religious societies. Pluralism, therefore, is not a new goal that we pluck from the western shopping mall; it is a deeply engrained component of our national character - a powerful determinant of our own historical bazaar s religious and cultures that have defined us and has helped us to survive for so long.

The truely novel development today is the transformation of our ethnic/religious/cultural brand of pluralism into a more systematic political pluralism that will see political parties, the press, intellectual centres and special interest groups assuming roles that were formerly played by tribal patriarchs. Our political parties, therefore, should be seen as vehicles for the vital transition from a pluralism of top-heavy, patriarchal ethnicity to a pluralism of grassroots, political ideology and accountability. Don't be in a hurry, though. This process took about 1,500 years to mature and stabilise in western Europe - from the Roman Empire to the French Revolution - and we should not be expected to complete it in a few years.

The important thing is for the process to continue; despite occasional lapses and diversions, it will allow the people of this region to express their views and to organise themselves politically and nationally in a context of freedom that they have not enjoyed for many centuries, if not millennia. It will also allow Arabs/Muslims to modernise their brand of pluralism, thereby providing a logical link between our ancient bazaars and the West's modern malls — a link that does not honour commercial materialism as much as it values humane concepts of pluralism and tolerance that are inherent in the notion of a marketplace of ideas. Those around the world, particularly in the West, who question the compatibility of Arab/Islamic society with democratic pluralism would do well to study Arab/Islamie history and the contemporary Jordanian experience. They would reveal a tale of human drama and dynamism as exciting as any film - and far more accurate and honest.

C Rami Khouri

Harvard recommendations a recipe to economic suicide

By Dr. Fahed Al Fanek

HARVARD UNIVERSITY had embarked on a two-year research project on "Economie transition for securing peace in the Middle East," in which Israeli, Jordanian and Palestinian economists participated. The project, which was undertaken by a Harvard centre cal-led "The Institute for Social and Economic Policy in the Middle East", operates as a think-tank which. I think, serves Israel's interest in a very intelligent manner.

The project, in which participating economists were expected to generate ideas, opnions and recommendations to formulate and shape the transitional period, produced a report, the executive summary of which was issued during the last week of June 1993. Although participating Jordanian economists have clearly stated that the recommendations of the project were "writ-ten up by the university and not by the participant economists," it does not preclude the fact that statements made by the overseers of the project sought to involve Jordan in a premature normalisation of relations with Israel.

It seems that the objectives of the project were to promote economic normalisation before signing a peace treaty and to initiate an Israeli-Jordanian-Palestinian dialogue parallel to the official peace negotiations of the Madrid conference. The director of the Harvard Institute involved in this project, Leonard J. Hausman, recently, made it clear that "agreements on the issues on which we were working could become the bridging formula for an Israeli-Palestinian accord." "Econo-mics," he added, "is a major sphere in which the two sides can test each other prior to making final commitments."

Stanley Fisher and Thomas Schelling, co-chairmen of the proceedings, were more forthcoming in describing the re-commendations: "Many of them can be implemented in the near term, even as the peace negotiations proceed." Chapter eight made suggestions "on how to begin immediately putting these recommendations into practice. Joseph Califano, the founding chairman of the board, was happy to bave found "professional economists from the region who could begin the planning process away from the glare of public attention."

Now that the desired report has been produced in haste to influence the official peace process, the institute became interested in publicising the outcome of the project and the names of the Jordanian. Palestinian and Israeli economists who worked in joint committees, especially when the institute was successful in implicating the participants by adding its own recommendations to the technical report of the participants.

Before presenting some of the ideas contained in this devastating report, it may be in order to point out that I am not embarking on a rejection of the peace process, which I think should continue until real peace is achieved; nor am I motivated by any hatred towards the Jewish-dominated institute because I have nothing against any religion; also I am not against the economie normalisation with Israel if and

when it agrees to withdraw from all Arab territories it occupied by force in 1967 and recognises the national rights of the Palestinian people. I object to the report simply

because it sacrifices the interests of Jordan for nothing in return. I claim that the implementation of the Harvard report is suicidal to this country. The report does not merely call for lifting the boycott against Israel or normalising trade relations and dealing with Israel just like any other country. It wants Jordan to integrate eco-nomically with Israel and to open up its borders completely without any customs posts or protection extended to domestic production. The report specifically calls for a free trade area and a customs union, while the Jordanian economy is not ready for that.

The required adjustment on behalf of Jordan is nothing less than the bankruptcy of Jordanian industry and agriculture upon facing a heavily subsi-dised Israeli production. No economist in his right mind would think that the Israeli market could compensate Jordan for the loss of the Iraqi and other Arab markets, and no Jordanian would imagine doing away with customs regulations with Israel before such a step is even contemplated towards Syria, Iraq, Saudi

Arabia or Egypt.

The first paragraph of the report asserts that "peace in the Middle East will be secured only when it takes root in the everyday lives of people in the region." This may be true, but what about the occupied lands and the continued denial of human rights of the Palesti-

The report talks about "granting Palestinians economic sovereignty" but not about recognising Palestinian national rights and sovereignty. It calls for "the three economiesto move towards free trade." Egypt should also be included free trade arrangements, which means that the normalisation of Camp David is not sufficient, and Jordan should contribute more to develop in "an all-embracing Middle East economie." community, but without any compensation for the Jordanian losses.

The report wants no customs posts at the Jordanian borders, th Israel territories and the continued employment of at least 100,000 Palestinians in Israel. It says that Palestinians pay only 18 per cent of the gross domestic product (GDP), which is below. average at this level of development. The public expenditure on infrastructure in the occupied territories, almost non-existent, was described as below the normal levels. In summary, the report sees

things with Israeli eyes. It tries' to give Israel economically more than it was asking for. Plainly said, it wants Jordan to commit suicide.

The Harvard University and its Institute for Social and Economic Policy have the right to serve Israel in any manner they see fit, but it has no right to use Jordanian fronts to sell this

Due to technical reasons, the Jordan Times was unable to publish Dr. Fanek's weekly article last Sunday. We apologise for the delay.

Nigeria's state of purgatory

By Wele Soyinka

WHEN the National Electoral Commission of Nigeria decided, a few weeks ago, not to announce the verdict of the nation on the next civilian president, it did. in effect, pronounce a verdict on the Nigerian nation: a piecemeal death.

The Chief Undertaker is

General Ibrahim Babangida. The pall-bearers are the ethnic manipulators and arms dealers, selfstyled latter-day patriots. They are led by a sinister character known as Chief Arthur Nzeribe. leader of a vague, unregistered body called the Association for Better Nigeria. The Chief Mourner is, of course, Professor Henry Nwosu, chairman of the National Electoral Commission (present whereabouts unknown). The scavengers of history are hovering around the nation's borders. Their role will outlast the demise of a once-resilient, vibrant entity known as Nigeria. Future generations may recall this entity as having been once a source of envy, a reservoir of hope for a benighted continent, now mangled beyond salvage.

A nation of some 90 million people is being woond round the finger of a Master Player whose mental state is seriously in ques-

tion. His cohorts insist that the nation is on the path to democracy, but surely the signpost reads to all but the purblind: Transition to Hell. Purgatory is our present interminable manoeuvering between the U-Turns, Diversions and Cul-de-sacs in a lunatic maze subjected to the daily improvisations of a -- surely by now -recognisably irrational designer who is firmly locked onto a monomanic goal: survival in

He is surrounded by an unblinking guard of sycophants who open up to him only tiny apertures of reality that conform to the needs of his solopsistic existence. But it would he wrong to say they are all sycophants. Quite a handful are military and civilian opportunists with or without a guilty past. Uniformly they are all in dire dread of the future. The captive thinks that he is the manipulator but, in truth, in many lethal aspects, he is the pliant object of their wiles.

Principal of these forces is the virtual power behind Nigeria's security services. There will be time enough to name him directly, but that time is not yet. Let us simply identify him as the Mephistopheles to Babangida's far more inept Faust. This individual is paymaster and puppetmaster of the various "patriotic" organisations such as Nzeribe's ABN, the Council of Elder Statesmen, the Third Eye, etc. One of these organisations has, in the short time it has existed, opened offices in nearly all the 30 states of Nigeria. The address of one of these, which I personally verified, is a "safe house" utilised by the Nigerian Security Organisation. To avoid all doubts, Mr. Faust is not an unwilling beneficiary of these bodies: indeed, he is most active in the promotion of their ultimate goal, which dove-tails most "accidentally" with his

This strain of complicity, long apparent to all but a few among the operators of government scheming, was recently bared to the nation through the resignation of the editor of New Nigerian, a northern-based paper largely owned by the government. The editor revealed that an editorial which appeared in that journal after the aborting of June presidential election results was actually faxed from Abuja, the seat of government, by the Secretary for Information. The editorial in effect tried to justify the suspension of the election results, querried the concept of democracy as peacefully practised in the elections, and prop-

osed bitherto undreamt-of no- individual. Finally, the Nigerian tions of the meaning of democracy for Nigerians. It was, to put it as crudely as the editorial, a resounding vote for the continuation of the military in power or, at least, for a postponement of a return to civilian rule. Worst of all, it pandered, in no unsubtle way, to the notion of a North-South dichotomy in Nigerian politics, a notion that bad been fast receding.

Babangida's latest intervention in the democratic process was not totally unexpected. That doubts persisted about his ability to go this far bad much to do with a reluctance to accept that he had moved beyond even the elastic limits of rationality. To sum up: Nigerians, even

now, cannot believe that anyone. in his rational mind, would invite them to go to the polls again after they had peacefully exercised their electoral duties in accordance with the rules set down by the same individual. Nigerians, even now, cannot believe that anyone, in his rational mind. would proceed to disqualify the two contestants who have emerged, after progressive elimination, from a long list of candidates, all of whom were accredited in full adherence to the rules laid down by that same

populace can neither believe nor accept that any individual would dare attempt to flout a choice that they bave made openly, in full freedom, under a procedure that enabled them to exercise that freedom. It was especially hard after they had reluctantly accepted the entire tortuous process simply to ensure that they could, even in uncongenial circumstances, see some prospect of change in their intolerable and degrading social and economic conditions.

Anyone who fails to understand this cannot be a Nigerian, cannot have lived in Nigeria during the past three years. We are speaking of a Nigeria that has incurred an expenditure close to its annual budget for the purpose of returning the country to a civilian order. Possibly even more, but we shall never know. as spending on the transition programme is sure to remain closed to audit. But to invite Nigerians to undergo another round of presidential elections simply to lend substance and complicity to the now open agenda of the Babangida would-be dynasty, is a miscalculation so gross that it could only have

emanated from an unsound mind. I, for one, cannot accept that The Independent.

one more kobo of Nigerian funds be spent on the interminable soap-opera being so baphazardly scripted by our putative Faust and his Mephistopheles, who still imagines that he enjoys the security of a mask. But all that is in the very immediate future. From Lagos to Kano, from Cross River to Kwara, the people have expressed their unambiguous choice. Relocating the goalposts after the goal has been netted is such a blatant act of dishonesty, dishonour and lack of integrity that only the desperate or the sick in mind can conceive of it, much less expect that either the players or spectators will applaud it.

Nigeria deserves peace, if only for its economic recovery. But Nigerians are a proud people, very jealous of their human dignity. Any individual or class within Nigeria that fails to respect this simply dooms itself, however long it takes, and whatever sacrifice is yet again extracted from the populace in the process.

The piecemeal death of Nigeria has been prescribed by the actions of General Babangida and his tiny cabal, but we know that we have been there before. Reprieve is not beyond the enter prising strength of Nigerians.







Members of the so-called hit team. They did not know where Mr. Bush was. One had a bomb, but threw it away. But they did smuggle whisky

A ready-made verdict

Trial in Kuwait — violation of defendants' rights

By Shyam Bhatia

KUWAIT CITY - The kindest epithet about the whisky smugglers accused of plotting George Bush's death is that they took their script from non-stop viewings of Ahbott and Costello.

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The trial prompted President Clinton to launch 23 Tomahawk missiles on Baghdad, hut evidence before the court shows the accused to be anything but professional agents.

Two key members of the gang claim that they did not know how to reach Kuwait University, where Mr. Bush was due to receive an honorary degree, that their stolen cars ran out of petrol; and that the payment promised by the Iraqis amounted to the equivalent of £870 to be shared between them. They were supposed to recoup the rest of their expenses hy selling 13 cases of Scotch and six kilos of adulter-

"You smell something fishy about this," says Najih Al Wakayan, one of the seven defending lawyers. Our police agree that the Iraqis bave a very good intelligence system and yet the members of the so-called hit team did not even know where

they could find shelter in Knwait. "It's as if they had been set up. In my opinion this whole plot was the responsibility of someone at a very low level, not Saddam or the head of the intelligence; this has

not been planned at a high level."
Some U.S. officials believe the y plot was batched by intelligence masterminds in Baghdad and stretches all the way back to Saddam Hussein. Yet the halfhearted hacking given to the selfconfessed whisky smugglers does not bear the traces of a well

constructed plan. There is evidence as well that the U.S. administration was not wholly convinced either. On the day of the attack a U.S. diplomat in Kuwait approached defence lawyers and asked if they could help in prolonging the trial until September. "If the judge reaches a quick decision our president

will be forced to react," the diplo-

mat said. The alleged ringleader of the plot, Raad Al Assadi, says Iraqi intelligence offered him a car that was so substandard that he volunteered to use his own hardtop jeep stolen two years earlier from Kuwait. tt did not occur to him that his Iraqi controllers were duty bound to offer him the best equipment available for his supersecret mission Mr. Assadi thought his joh was to hlow up a car showroom, and the central market in Kuwait City.

"I did not know about the mission to assassinate George Bush," he declared on the first day of his trial, Mr. Assadi knows he faces the death sentence if convicted, but he looks and remains confident hehind the steel cage where he sits along with the 13 other defendants. He is prone to theatrical outbursts that include repeated interruption of the

judge. His self-effacing partner, Wali Al Ghazali, is a male nurse from the Iraqi holy city of Al Najaf. His job was to detonate the bomb in another car, a Toyota Landcruiser, packed with enough explosive to kill everything within

If that failed, he was supposed to strap on a suicide belt also packed with explosives and blow himself up alongside Mr. Bush.

Mr. Ghazali later changed bis mind and threw the belt into the desert. tt is a crucial piece of evidence but, despite the combined efforts of the Kuwaitis, the FBI and the CIA, it has not been

The two men could not be more mismatched. Mr. Assadi has supposedly admitted his guilt, only to contradict his own statement, in open court, whereas Mr. Ghazali has been singing like a bird, admitting all the charges including his connections with

Iraqi intelligence.
"They are supposed to be partners in crime," says one of the defending lawyers. "But now

they sit at opposite ends of the cage harely acknowledging each other's existence."

"I have been pushed hy people who had no mercy, now t'm asking for your mercy and the mercy of the Kuwaiti people," Mr. Ghazali told the judge. "You know I fear the traqi regime, the Iraqi regime pushed me."

tt is the kind of pleading that inspires sympathy from the public gallery. Many see him as an unwilling victim of the hrotal regime that has a history of promoting terror. "He is so anxious to please, he'll end up admitting to the niurder of Ahraham Lincoln or anyone else for that matter," was the cynical comment of one lawyer who watched his performance last month.

The gang's oldest member has said that he had been a victim of hrutality at the hands of Kuwaiti security forces. Ali Khudhair Baddai Abid, 73, a labourer who denies he is part of the conspiracy, limped to the witness stand and told the court how be was hit in the ribs shortly after be was arrested.

Defence lawyers say all 14 menwere soundly thrasbed. "I understand things were thrown at them' when they were being questioned,' says one lawyer. "It was anything that came to hand, even boxes of tissues.'

But Mr. Abid is the only one epared to level in open court.

Mr. Abid admits seeing crates of alcohol and a machine gun in the car that brought him into Kuwait, hut claims he did not know to whom they belonged.

By attacking Iraqi intelligence headquarters in Baghdad in retaliation for the conspiracy, Bill Clinton has elevated this tragicomedy to the status of another international crisis that undermines Middle East stability.

Like Kuwait's public prosecutor he has pre-empted the judgment of the court and reduced the

Three weeks before the trial started, the prosecutor characterised the defendants as "criminals who allied with the devil and conspired with him to assault Kuwait's honoured guest... investigations proved beyond doubt that it was the Iraqi intelligence service which moved this rotten group of accused persons to ex-

ecute the plan of the devil." Amnesty International is concerned that 12 of the men may be convicted and executed following unfair trials. It has called on the Kuwaiti anthorities to intervene by ordering a fresh trial in which the rights of the accused are fully

"In addition to its concerns about the violation of the defendants' rights during pre-trial detention... and the failure of proceedings before the state security court to conform to international standards for fair trials we believe the defendants' rights to a fair trial may have been jeopardised by other factors," Amnesty said.
"This case has been treated

politically rather than legally, says another lawyer. "But now I am trying to get the court to treat it legally. I have this case because it puts our judges in a corner.-Either they find the defendants guilty, or they find the whole world, including America, guilty. Our judges are being pushed to be very severe."

Defence lawyers - all but one appointed by the state - bad no access to their clients until the day the trial started. They reject the prosecutors' claim that they were faxed 10 days in advance and chose to ignore their respon-

This glaring denial of basic rights meant each of the 14 suspects was questioned again and again without access to legal advice. Their interrogations were carried out by Kuwaitis as well as hy CIA and FBI agents.

The FB1 report remains under wraps, although a State Department source subsequently told a U.S. news network that the confessions were useless in view of the methods used hy the Kuwaitis to ohtain them. Yet it is these same confessions and the forensic evidence gathered from the explosive that was used to justify the cruise missile attack on

Baghdad.
"Why did the FB1 and CIA have access to the men before

us," asks Haidar. "They should have waited for the judgment of the court. We are a sovereign state. I cannot go to Saudi Arabia and interrogate their suspects. Does this mean we should now allow the Bangladesh police to interrogate our clients because one of them said he thought of planting bombs in the camp of Bangladeshi military advisers?"

1ll prepared, the defence team has not had time to challenge some of the more ohvious loopholes. Details are sketchy, for example, about a key suspect, known as Mohammad, whom the

Kuwaiti authorities claim had escaped. The defence believe he is a secret witness protected hy the prosecution. Police Colonel Ahdnl Samad Al Shatti, who appeared for the

prosecution, also claimed to have

a secret source who tipped him off six weeks before the Bush visit about an traqi terrorist plot to attack "places and VIPs" in Kuwait. Mr. Bush was never mentioned. Asked why he did not immediately place his suspects under surveillance, the colonel told the court: "I did not have

Kuwait is alone among Arah nations that applauded the Clinton strike. Its partners in the six-nation Gulf Cooperation Council have stayed silent. The Arah League was more forthright in its condemnation.

A statement from League HQ in Cairo said: "The use of force in confronting international problems without sanction hy the Security Council involves danger which is incompatible with the right direction of a new world order because of the psychological feelings it creates in peoples who are subject to these actions."

Kuwaitis are also divided. "From the start we were not terrihly happy about the issue, says Ghanim Al Najjar, a Kuwaiti human rights activist and head of an association to defend

war victims. "Things are happening in a political context and 1 don't feel easy about them. The worst thing about these political cases is the impact on the U.S. Kuwaitis could always say there is a need for a retrial and maybe they would be acquitted. But it would be difficult for the Americans." The Observer.

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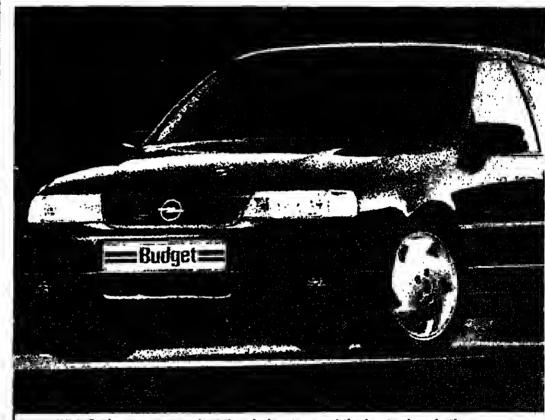
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Donkeys make a comeback in Gaza

By Sammy Ketz Agence France Presse

GAZA CITY, Occupied Gaza Strip — There's only one way to travel in the Israeli-occupied Gaza Strip today for most people there: hy donkey.

Since the army isolated the occupied territory at the end of March after a wave of killings of Israelis, forcing thousands out of work, the automobile has simply become too expensive.

The weekly beast market in Gaza City buzzes with bidders for the domestic ass and prices bave more than doubled.

"I have not earnt anything since the closure," said Atef, a 25-year-old refugee from Shatti'

"I had to sell off my truck for

spares. I could no longer afford the insurance, the tax and the Atef, who used to work as a

farm hand in Israel, has his eyes on a solid brown beast and joins the crush to check its condition. The animal's ears and legs must be straight, teeth solid and it must not jump when its testicles are

The bidding mounts quickly but Atef sees off all comers with a \$200 offer, even if he thinks it is far too much. "With a donkey and cart 1 will"

at least be able to deliver farm produce to the market and earn about \$1I a day to feed my family," said the father of two

Before the closure, be picked up \$30 a day on a farm and another \$50 transporting fellow workers to and from the strip in

Shaabane, the seller, is pleased. "A month ago I would have only got \$85 maximum," said the 19-year-old. Neither man wants to be identi-

fied because they fear the Israeli Unemployed building labourers, farm bands and mechanics

have all joined the growing ranks

thing from furniture to people to cke out a living.

At the town hall, spokesman Abed Ahu Hashem has logged the boom because donkey cart owners have to buy a 37-dollar license plate.

We licensed 700 carts all last Mr. Abu Hashem said. "In just the first five months of this year we have already given nearly 1,000 licenses." At the same time, car prices have slumped and petrol sales

"1 used to sell 6,000 litres a said Mohammad Ahu Issam, who owns a petrol station at Shatti. "Now I'm lucky to sell

3,000 litres." Nabil Abu Abed, who runs a garage, has run out of customers. Each week about 400 cars are up for sale in the Gaza Strip but no one is buying," he moaned.

"People everywhere try to huy bigger cars as they get older, but in Gaza we are going back to the age of the donkey."

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sophisticated drip and / or mist irrigation systems. Our own Tissue Culture Labs can supply you with all the required seedlings and our agricultural department will supply you with seeds, fertilizers and pesticides of the best quality and for reasonable prices.

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EC committees sound alarm about rising debt

BRUSSELS (AFP) — European Community (EC) countries were warned about the amount and increase of their debts and urged to cut public deficits rather than seek quick routes to economic growth, by reports published here

The EC's Economic Policy Committee and the Committee of Central Bank Governors delivered basically the same assessment in separate reports presented to economic and finance ministers meeting here.

Their findings suggested that the 12-member EC was moving farther away from its goals of economic rigour and convergence as laid out in the Maastricht treaty for a future monetary un-

The reports forecast that the community's average public debt would reach 67 to 69 per cent of gross domestic product (GDP) this year, up from 59.5 per cent in

1989. The Maastricht treaty has and irreversible path towards fisset a ceiling of 60 per cent. Both committees said the public sector deficit for the community as a whole would exceed six per cent of GDP this year. This is a record figure which contrasts with the amount of 2.7 per cent in 1989 and is double the maximum

The policy committee, an advisory panel of national experts attached to the EC's executive commission, said the trends "are not compatible with the community objective of medium-term,

amount of three per cent permit-

ted under the Maastricht agree-

employment-creating growth."

The central bank governors said that such developments may make it more difficult in some community countries to lower official interest rates despite the weakness of economic

"A credible, predetermined

cal balance is a crucial element for promoting market expectations of lower real interest rates and better growth prospects," the ·governors said.

The reports were issued as EC members grappled with the problem of meeting stringent fiscal criteria agreed at Maastricht while trying to boost their economies out of recession.

But the Economic Policy Committee said short-term measures to stimulate demand would lead to higher interest rates, a loss of business and consumer confidence and more painful budgetary belt-tightening later.

"It is doubtful whether the markets would find this option acceptable," the committee said. Immediate austerity moves might prolong the recession, but would poost chances for a sound and sustainable recovery.

French franc under siege

LONDON (R) — The French franc took a hammering in the European Community's (EC's) exchange rate mechanism (ERM) Monday despite central bank in-

tervention to try to shore it up. The franc's weakness renewed tensions across the system and sent the Danish crown sliding to the bottom of the EC's semi-fixed system of exchange rate manage-

"People are very nervous," one trader said. Dealers said the franc was under pressure from short-term speculators and from longer-term investors fleeing into dollars and sterling.

The German Buodesbank-confirmed it bought Freoch francs on the open market and dealers believed the Bank of France had also intervened at 3.4120 per mark, though sums involved were

The franc recovered to around 3.4060 per mark on news the Bundesbank had intervened but quickly fell back to 3.4075 by early afternoon. It had plunged to 3.4126 in morning trading, its. lowest since March, after Friday's 3.4010 close.

In the ERM grid, it fell to minus 75 per cent of its maximum divergence against the European Currency Unit (ECU), the level at which the spirit of the ERM presumes the relevant central bank will intervene.

Currency market analysts said the franc was suffering in part because funds were fleeing the French bond market.

Recent economic data from France showing a deepening recession had convinced many iovestors the French government would have to cut interest rates and let the franc fend for itself, even if that meant devaluing or leaving the ERM.

All eyes turned towards Frankfurt for signs of support for the ailing corrency. Keith Edmonds. international economist at Natwest Markets in London, said the market was watching for a signal. that Germany might ease money market rates this week.

The Bundesbank council meets Thursday but analysts said a cut in official rates was unlikely unless pressure intensified.

PARIS (R) - French aircraft

maker Aerospatiale plans to cut betw :n 1,450 and 1,500 jobs in

1994 after reducing its workforce

Aerospatiale currently employs

45,000 people, incloding those in

subsidiaries and joint ventures,

the source, who asked not to be identified, said. She added the

company was axing more jobs because of "the major weakness

of new orders in the aircraft

by 1,145 this year, an Aerospa-

tiale source has said.

Paul Hammett, European eco-nomist at Banque Paribas in London, said flows of capital against the franc did not seem as great currently as last September, when the franc was hit by turmoil after sterling and the Italian lira's exit

from the ERM. "It's really the volumes of intervention which are required to hold the currency which are im-portant rather than the price specifically," Mr. Hammett said. Analysts did not rule out a

French interest rate rise to defend the corrency but thought it was unlikely at this stage. "I think it's probably unlikely they would raise rates because they would be in danger of losing credibility," said Nigel Rendell, international economist at James Capel.

German Finance Minister Theo Waigel waded in with sup-port for the franc, saying rela-tions between the two neighbours were excellent and their coopera-tion in currency matters still

The Danish crown recovered to 3.8775 per mark from a low of 3.8880 but was still well below its opening level of 3.8635.

Other grid currencies held fairly stable, with the pesets and the escudo marginally weaker against the mark from Friday.

German Finance Minister

Theo Waigel, setting aside a row last month with France over interest rates, threw his weight Monday behind French attempts to repel a new speculative attack on the franc,

Speaking to reporters during a meeting of European Community finance ministers, Mr. Waigel signailed that Germany would stand by the franc just as it did during revious crisis last September and in January this year. The close, successful coopera-

tion that has proved itself in recent weeks and months remains the order of the day," he said.

Cooperation is policy makers' preferred code word for currency market intervention.

Mr. Waigel said he was sure the currency markets would sit up and take notice of France's sound economic fundamentals.

France's Aerospatiale said

The cuts would hit Aerospa-

tiale's aircraft division for the first

time in its history, the company

Aerospatiale will shed 1,600 jobs in the aircraft division

numerically, but around a third would be achieved by measures

such as early retirement and part-

About 400 jobs would go in the company's missile division and

250 in its space and defence divi-

sion. As with the aircraft division,

Aerospatiale is on a list of 21

set to cut 1,500 jobs in 1994

time working.

China metal industry to slash 330,000 jobs

BELIING (R) — China's metal industry is the latest state-owned giant to announce a major restructuring, promising to cut 330,000 jobs during the next Workers get every

But few if any of the workers to be laid off by the China National Nonferrous Metals Industry Corp (CNNC) will actually end up job-less, the China Daily said Mon-

day.
"Workers made redundant are to be reemployed in service in-dustries and other profitable businesses set up under collective ownership by CNNC's sub-sidiaries." the official newspaper said. "At the same time, surplus workers have been encouraged to leave their jobs to run their own businesses.

The corporation now has some 1.01 million workers.

China's leaders know that massive overstaffing in the state sector is a major problem for gov-

But they fear social unrest if

ment in Spain rose 1.42 per cent

last month to 16.6 per cent, the

labour ministry reported Mon-

That meant 35,341 more peo-

ple were without work, for a total of 2,520,990.

In May the oumber of people unemployed had fallen by 24,328

The figure given by the labour ministry is usually smaller than the figure provided by the National Statistical Office, which

is part of the economy ministry

The figure given by the office is

The last figure published by the National Statistical Office on

May 13 showed onemployment at a record 21.7 per cent at the end

The National Statistical Office

reported recently that the Span-

ish economy went into recession at the end of 1992 and output fell

companies which the centre-right

government, which assumed power at the end of March after a

decisive general election victory,

In aircraft, its main activity, 60

per cent of its business comes

from the civil market and 40 per

cent from the military market.

Military budgets have been

squeezed since the break-up of

the former Soviet Union signalled

More recently, orders for civil aircraft have fizzled out as air-

lines suffered from cut-throat

the end of the cold war.

competition worldwide.

plans to privatise.

or by 0.97 per cent.

based on estimates

of March.

Spanish jobless

rate reaches 16.6%

they abandon workers who have depended for decades on the cradle-to-grave welfare provided

Workers get everything from housing and medical care to food and transport subsidies.

The president of CNNC acknowledged that his firms' productivity was only one-tenth of that in foreign firms because of the huge number of underemployed

"The oversizes workplace has already become a glaring prob-lem and was holding the corporation back," China Daily quoted

Fei Ziwen as saying. CNNC manages all of China's metal industry except iron and steel, which is separately under-

going its own restructuring.

The giant Wuhan Iron and Steel Works pledged earlier this year to slash 80,000 from its 120,000-worker payroll by 1995 by shifting workers to a dozen nominally independent com-

of this year compared with the

The Bank of Spain had said in

The bank had said that this

year the economy was likely to

show zero growth or a slight

decline. The economy ministry

has said that gross domestic pro-

forecasts published on June 11

that output had declined by 0.5

per cent in the first quarter.

figure one year earlier.

Sabena announces crisis plan, pay cuts

BRUSSELS (AFP) — The Belsalaries would have to be cut by five to 15 per cent as part of a plan to save five billion Belgian francs. (\$143 million) which was

presented Monday.

The company said that the overall plan, which included wage bill cuts of two billion francs (\$57) million) over three years, had; been presented to the works council and to staff Monday. Employees would have to accept cuts in their pay ranging from five per

cent to 15 per cent. The airline was also to ask catering and technical staff to adopt flexible working bours.

The daily newspaper De-Morgen quoted a senior Sabena executive earlier Monday as saying that the airline was set to report a loss for this year of five: billion to six billion Belgian; francs (\$140 million to \$171 million) and that "bankruptcy might: be declared in about October or; November"

Sabena company president Pierre Godfroid was thinking of suggesting that staff accept a cut of about 10 per cent in their pay; otherwise the situation will be highly uncertain", the report!

The Belgian state holds 51 per cent of Sabena and Air France 37.58 per cent.

The company, which employs about 9.000 people, said that its problems were caused by structu ral crisis in the air transport io dustry, depressed fares, the devaluation of currencies in Furope, and events in central:

duct is set to grow by about one per cent this year.

FORECAST FOR TUESDAY JULY 13, 1993 By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

HOROSCOPE

GENERAL TENDENCIES: . Since you feel inspired to gain your most cherished aspirations don't waste a moment in putting constructive ideas in motion as you will be able to gain far more than

ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) Come to a better awareness of what an important associate expects of you in the daytime while tonight is good ferreting out a nystery you do not understand.

TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) There are a number of ways you can be more productive with tasks awaiting your attention in the day-time while tonight work interests should flow smoothly.

GEMENI: (May 21 to June 21) Arrange the romantic and creative expressions important to you in the morning while tonight you are able to get into activities requiring effi-

MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 10 July 21) Get mauers connected with your home and family affairs in order before you get into those pleasures and amusements that lift your spirits.

LEO: (July 22 to August 21) Hand-le a communication well even-though it has some problems you need to think deeply about, tonight you can get along very well with family members.

VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) Whatever you have in mind about getting advice of a financial

nature is good to press and look in the daytime while later you can

LIBRA: (September 23 to October 22) You have charm and need to use it to get out from under some tiresome condition so use magnetism definitely, then you can get into increasing finances.

SCORPIO: (October 23 to November 21) This is the morning to do something special to relieve your which you can get together with friends for amus, ments.

SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) You have a good friend who will help you in some problem that you are uncertain just how to solve, tonight get into ways to be of aid to close ties.

CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) Consider well what can be done to enhance your position in the public eye after which you go after cherished longings, bring them 10 you.

AQUARIUS: (January 21 to Febru-AQUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) A new approach at a partnership activity can make it much more successful for everyone concerned in the morning while later you find ways to bolster you worldly reputation.

PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) A very good morning to iron out whatever practical matters that require your attention then you will be able to get out and make new interesting contacts.

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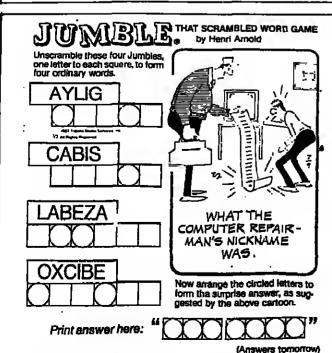
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We used to keep a gun in the bedroom until I almost shot him for snoring too loud."



Jumbles: DRONE HAIRY FOSSIL TRAGIC

Answer: How a championship runner might take a high hurdle—IN HIS STRIDE

Peanuts







Civil and military sectors have a third in each case would come not previously been in the doldrums at the same time, she said.

Aerospatiale is on a list of 21





Andy Capp





Mutt'n'Jeff

JULIUS AND I DECIDED IF WE LIVE

TOGETHER

IN ONE ROOM



THE Daily Crossword by Donald Groat I Hamlet S Like judge: 10 Aromatic





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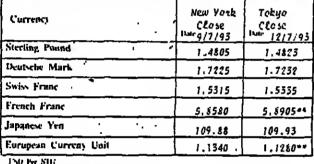
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Jordan Times in co-operation with Cairo Amman Bank

U.S. Dollar in International Markets



Currenty	1 MTH	3 MTHS	6 MTHS	12 MTH:
U.N. Dollar	3.00	3.18	3.37	3.60
Sterling Pound	5.90	4.84	5.81	5.72
Deutsche Mark	7.31	7.18	7.00	6.43
Swiss Franc	4.50	4.50	4.43	4.37
French Franc	8.12	7.50	6.87	6.37
Jupanese Yen	3.12	3.18	3.09	5.12
European Currency Unit	7.43	7.75	7.31	6.81

Intertaint, bid rates for amounts receding 1.5. Dottors 1,000,000 or convoler Central Bank of Jordan Exchange Bate Bulletin

Date: 12/7/1993		
Bid	1)ffer	
0.6980	0.7000	
1.0340	1.0392	
0.4047	0.4067	
0.4546	0.4571	
0.1190	0.1196	
0.6353	0.6385	
0.3600	0.3618	
0.0874	0.0878	
0.0440	0.0445	
0.01965	0.01975	
	0.6980 1.0340 0.4047 0.4548 0.1190 0.6353 0.3600 0.0874 0.0440	

Other Currencles	Date: 12/7/19		
Currency	Bid	Offer	
Bahraini Dinar	1.8260	1.8550	
Lebanese Lira"	0.0387	0.0420	
Saudi Riyal	0.1857	0.1866	
Knwaitt Dinar	2.2200	2.2900	
Qatari Riyal	0.1890	0.1932	
Egyptian Pound	0.2000	0.2380	
Omani Riyal	1.7800	1.8250	

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) - Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midsession on the London Foreign Exchange and bullion markets Monday.

U.S. \$1.00 costs 1.7350/60 1.9505/15 1.2582/93 35.75/76 5.9100/50

One sterling

1597/1600 109.85/95 8.0510/610 6.3825/925 6.7380/480 \$1.4760/70 One ounce of gold \$393.90/394.40

Deutschemarks Dutch guilders Swiss francs Belgian francs French francs Italian lire Japanese yen Swedish crowns Norwegian crowns Danish crowns

Canadian dollar

Gulf states aim for customs union in 1993 despite obstacles In the United Arab Emirates,

ABU DHAB! (AFP) — Gulf Arab stales aim to unify their customes tariffs this year in a move toward a common market but economists warn that such an agreement could be fragile. Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC) finance ministers will meet in Riyadh in September to approve a single tariff of between eight and 10 per cent on foreign imports, the GCC assistant secretary general for economic affairs has said.

"The proposed tariff will then be presented to the GCC summit

return of funds which were trans-

ferred out during the Gulf war

and borrowing by Saudi Arabia and Kuwait have sharply boosted

capital flow to the wealthy re-

gion, an official Arab report said.

balance, net cash flow into the

six-nation Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC) and three other

Arab oil producers registered a positive balance of \$34.3 billion

in 1991, the Abu Dhabi-based

Arab Monetary Fund (AMF) said

It covered the GCC states of

Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Oman,

Kuwait. Oatar and the United

Arab Emirates (UAE) as well as

Iraq. Libya and Algeria. But it said most of the balance was

registered in the Gulf monar-

"These states registered a sur-

in the report.

After several years of negative

Return of funds, borrowing

ABU DHABI (AFP) - The after the war and a raise in

abroad.

al flow.

plus in capital flow due to the countries as their expatriates re-

return of part of overseas funds mitted home most of their money

boosts capital flow to GCC

later this year for endorsement," Abdullah Al Quwaiz told reporters. "Foreign goods could then enter through any customs centre in the Council without barriers."

But Sheikh Ouwaiz, a Saudi, did not refer to the reservations of some member states that have blocked implementation of a 1982 agreement to unify the widely varied tariffs in the region.

Saudi Arabia and Bahrain. which impose tariffs of up to 20 per cent, have objected to low tariffs on the grounds they would hit their earnings from customs

borrowing from four billion dol-

lars to \$22 billion," the report

Net cash flow is the difference

between inflow and outflow of

capital. The balance registered a

record deficit of \$10.1 billion in

1990 as the war triggered as panic

transfer of funds out of the re-

Bankers estimate around \$15

billion were transferred but part

of them have been brought back

while the rest were invested

forced to borrow nearly \$10 bil-

lion to finance the war effort while

a sharp decline in their aid to

developing nations contributed to

the increase in the 1991 net capit-

the war benefined other Arab

The transfer of funds during

Saudi Arabia and Kuwait were

hike could harm the import and reexport trade, which has become a main component of the country's non-oil business. The other two GCC members, Kuwait and Oman, have low tariffs in general but impose

where tariffs are as low as one to

four per cent, officials argue a

tect local industries. To reach a compromise, Gulf officials have suggested compensation to members whose earnings from customs will be affected, while another proposal called for proportional distribu-

duties on some products to pro-

tion of the income from taxes. Saudi Arabia and Bahrain will suffer most from the lower tariff as earnings from such a tax constitute a major pan of their non-oil income" said Yussef Khalifa. an economics professor at Emirates University.

"The earnings from the new tarrif should be recycled into thesix members or there should be certain compensation for those affected. Another proposal is to set up development projects in those countries, he told AFP. Without solving such problems, the customs union will be fragile as not all members will be committed to it and this might push them to create problems at border points to block movement of

A joins GCC customs tariff, which was supposed to have been implemented in 1988, is a condition of the European Community for signing a free trade accord with the 12-year-old Gulf

Varied tariffs are seen as a cause of the low inter-GCC trade, which stood at \$10.2 billion in 1992, less than 10 per cent of their total trade of around \$120 billion.

The secretary general of the GCC chambers federation. Abdullah Al Mulla, said member states were likely to finalise a unified customs system because they had similar economic and financial policies.

But the stressed such a system must be "acceptable to all members to ensure full compliance or it would collapse gradually."

UAE to curb spending to cut deficit in 1994

Arab Emirates (UAE) will curb federal government spending on new projects in 1994 to battle a persistent budget deficit.

Finance Minister Hamdan Bin Rashid Al Maktoum said in a July 10 circular to federal ministries preparing their 1994 budgets that no increase in revenues was to be expected next year. "Any improvement (in re-

venues) will be applied to outstanding financial obligations and restoring balance to the budget so that it will not be published with a difficit on the revenue side," he said in the circular, a copy of which was made available to Reu-

ters Monday.

The circular did not provide a forecast of the 1994 budget but urged the 22 ministries and federal departments to cut spending to

reduce the deficit. The 1993 budget shows a deficit of 1.7 billion dirhams (\$463 million) — revenues mainly from the 2.1 million barrels of oil produced daily of 15.9 billion

ped by spending of 17.64 billion dirhams (\$4.80 billion).

A 900-million dirham (\$245) million) deficit rolled over from

"Oil revenues wil remain the principle source and basis for the federal government's expenditure." the circular said.

It said the government would not approve funds for new projects until ministries completed 80 per cent of current ones. The UAE allocated 1.18 billion

projects in 1993. The circular said the costs of ongoing projects reached 4.6 billion dirhams (\$1.2 billion) in 1993. The UAE's seven emirates are

dirhams (\$322.6 million) for new

supposed to finance the federal budget but the five poorest emirates pay virtually nothing.

Abu Dhabi, the biggest oil producer, normally provides some 80 per cent of federal income. Dubai provides the re-

British tabloids launch a price war

LONDON (AFP) two largest tabloids, the Sun and the Daily Mirror, launched a price war Monday in an effort to hold on to their recession-weary

readers The Sun, owned by the Rupert Murdoch group and suffering from a decline in sales in recent years, fired the opening salvo overnight, cutting its price from

Britain's 25 pence to 20 pence 130 U.S. e Sun and cents), the cost of the tabloid six Kelvin MacKenzie, the tab-

loid's executive editor, billed the move as a "recession beater" for the tabloid's 3.5 million readers.

'We believe the recession is going to go on a lot longer and our readers are being hit," he said. "Clearly they are finding it a

The Daily Mirror, owned by the Mirror Group Newspaper and the Sun's main competitor with a circulation of 2.6 million followed suit soon afterwards by men.

"Today, sample the real quality and big value of a decent ly be described as a bargain. It is paper," the Daily Mirror said in a 10 years out of date.

slashing its price from 27 pence to

10 pence, but only for Monday.

front-page article Monday. Another competitor of The Sun. The Daily Star, criticised the price cuts saying they were "desperate measures from desperate

Brian Hitchen, editor of The Daily Star, said "even at 20 pence the old-fashioned Sun could hard-

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Scientists blast firm

for sending dinosaur

PRICE, Utah (AFP) — U.S. scientists are blasting a Utah

company for selling an entire dinosaur fossil to a museum in

Japan. "It would be totally un-

thinkable for us to sell bones to

Japan," said Don Burge of the

College of Eastern Utah's Prehis-

toric Museum in Price, Utah. Mr.

Burge added that museums stop-ped selling bones two decades

ago. Western Paleo Lab of Pro-

the Stegosaurus skeleton for "a

group of inviduals," said com-pany spokesman Jeff Parker. Mr.

Parker said the group sold the

bones to a Japanese company which bought it for an unidenti-

fied museum. Despite criticism

from Mr. Burge and other scien-

tists, the lab has not been accused

of breaking any laws since the sale of fossils removed from pri-

vate lands is legal. The Stego-saurus, a large dinosaur with

spikes on its backbone, was found in Wyoming, Mr. Parker said.

F ussian a sembly alopts draft constitution

MOSCOW (AFP) — A Consultutional Assembly Monday approved a draft constitution for post-Soviet Russia that President Boris Yeltsin said would guaran-tee the stability needed to continue economic reforms.

Delegates voted 433 to 62 to approve the text that will be presented to local parliaments for their opinions in the upcoming weeks and return to delegates in August to determine a procedure for its adoption.

"It is clear today that the continued pursuit of economic re-form would be simply impossible without a thorough solution to our constitutional problems, impossible as a matter of principle. Mr. Yeltsin told delegates in a speech prior to the vote.

"No single country in the world s capable of making radical ! ansformations in the economy without political stability," he

added. "I can assure you that this draft solution resolves these problems. It creates the necessary favourable preconditions for the successful implementation of economic reform." the Russian leader

Earlier, Mr. Yeltsin warned leaders of Russian regions against what he termed "the threat of republicanisation" after at least three regions last week upgraded their status from that of region to republic in a bid to boost their autonomy from Moscow.

Russian republics make up the top tier of the new system of government proposed by Mr. Yeltsin in the draft constitution that would replace the Soviet-era

"Republics, territories and regions are equal in economic rights under the draft constitution, Mr. Yeltsin stated.

"We are all responsible for the territorial integrity of Russia and no one should attempt to endanger it," he added.

The Sverdlovsk region, Mr. Yeltsin's home territory, last week decided to raise its status to that of republic and proclaimed itself the "South Ural Republic".

Sverdlovsk's decision was followed by that of the Primoroye territory, surrounding the Far Eastern port city of Vladivostock, which now aspires to become the "Maritime Republic", and by the region of Vologda, north of Mos-

Regional leaders have argued that Mr. Yeltsin's proposed multi-tier administrative system for the new Russian Federation · · will give Russia's 21 republics greater autonomy from Moscow than the other "federation subjects", including 49 regions, 11 districts, two federal cities or five territories.

Regional authorities argue that they too should have the right to conclude bilateral treaties with Moscow and levy taxes directly, powers which fall under the jurisdiction of the republics, according to the draft basic law.

The Constitutional Assembly began work on the new draft law on June 5 in a bid to piece together a Fundamental Law that will replace the Brezhnev-era constitution, whose provisions did not allow for a clear division of powers between government and radiament.

Shevardnadze: Sukhumi will not fall

MOSCOW (AFP) - Georgian leader Eduard Shevardnadze returned from a ten-day slay in Sukhumi, the embattled capital of breakaway Abkhazia. Monday and vowed that the Black Sea city will not fall under rebel control.
"I am certain of one thing:

"Sukhumi will not fall." Mr. Shevardnadze was quoted by Interfax as saying upon arriving at Tbilisi Airport early Monday.

The Georgian leader also stated that the 11-month war would soon end, adding that the situation in the western republic 'required a combination of military actions and peace negotia-

Peace talks between Abkhazian and Georgian representatives, mediated by Russia, were to resume in Moscow later Monday, the Georgian embassy con-

Mr. Shevardnadze travelled to the Black Sea city on July 2 as rebel forces launched an offensive on the southern region of Ochamchira, cutting off Sukhumi from the only other Georgian-

held territory in Abkhazia. Meanwhile, Georgian military headquarters in Sukhumi announced that they began lifting the blockade of Sukhumi in the Ochamchira region after having recaptured territory from the rebels last Friday. Interfax re-

Bosnian Serbs retake strategic Muslim pocket

recaptured a strategic Muslim pocket in southern Bosnia, cutting a link between the besieged town of Gorazde and the capital

Sarajevo.
The Belgrade-based Tanjug
News Agency said Trnovo, some
30 kilometres south of Sarajevo. had been retaken by Serb forces, the third time it had changed hands since the civil war began 15 months ago.

It quoted a Serb army statement as saying government troops had retreated in panic towards their main base on Mount Igman overlooking Sarajevo, leaving behind "scores of dead soldiers" and large quantities of weapons and ammuni-

tion.
"Their dream of forcibly con-necting Sarajevo and Gorazde through Serb territories was shat-tered," it said.

The latest setback for the Muslim-led Bosnian army came a day after the government re-jected a plan for a three-way partition of the country and insisted the former Yugoslav re-public must be a single, federal

The decision appeared to dash hopes of an early resumption of

SRINAGAR, India (AFP) — ·

Chief Bedi said.

the Defence Ministry.

Ireland. Thousands of

Battle of the Boyne in

Floods kill 134 in India

China flood toll tops 60

because of serious drought.

39 killed in China train crash

of the damaged carriages as a sleeping car.

17 milltants killed in Kashmir

NEWS IN BRIEF

shot dead in separate gunb: .s with Indian security forces

overnight in the strife-torn n them Indian state of Kashmir.

officials said Monday. A nev. paper reported meanwhile that

Kashmir's prisons are overflowing with Muslims arrested in

connection with the separatist campaign and officials are shifting inmates outside the state. Kashmir Police Chief Balwinder Singh

Bedi said that 12 militants were killed late Sunday in a gunbattle

with Indian troops in north Kashmir along the border with

Pakistan. He said they had been trying to sneak across the frontier

into Kashmir. Eight AK-47 semi-automatic rifles and a sniper's

rifle were recovered, he said. Security forces also shot dead four

suspected militants overnight who were trying to cross from Indian Kashmir into Pakistani Kashmir, he said. One militant was

killed overnight during a search operation in south Kashmir,

PARIS (AFP) — General Philippe Morillon, the former bead of U.N. forces in Bosnia-Herz govina, will be named to the Legion

d'Honneor and appointed to a post at the Defence Ministry, the

government said Monday. Defence Minister François Leotard

said Gen. Morillon would be made a "grand officier" of the

Legion, the second rank in France's highest honour? to mark

Bastille Day Wednesday. Mr. Leotard said he was recommending

to the cabinet that the general be given important duties within

HONOLULU, Hawaii (R) - President Bill Clinton ended his

first major foreign trip by visiting a memorial to World War II dead and vowing to keep the United States strong in order to

defend its economic and security interests. Mr. Clinton went to

the memorial in Pearl Harbour marking the watery grave of the USS Arizona, where more than 1,100 sailors died in the attack by

Japan. "Our closest friends now are those with whom we fought a

balf a century ago," Mr. Clinton said, noting that Japan and Germany both have become strong U.S. allies. "And yet it is still clear now as it was then that the United States cannot disengage

from the world," said Mr. Clinton. "To be economically and

physically secure, we must continue to be strong." His arrival in

Hawaii ended a trip that had taken him to Japan for talks with the

leaders of the world's other six industrial nations - including

Japan and Germany, Mr. Clinton visited South Korea, as well, for

a two day trip, during which he pledged to maintain Washington's

BELFAST (R) - After a night of sporadic rioting, up to 100,000

Protestants took to the streets of Northern Ireland Monday to celebrate a victory over Roman Catholics 300 years ago. Police in

Belfast and Londonderry used plastic bullers to disperse Protes-

tant rioters who hurled petrol bombs and set light to cars had

overturned. The police, who have cancelled all leave and put their

heavily fortified stations on full alert, said nine people were

arrested in the latest flareups across the war-weary British

province. July 12 is tra. nally a day of tension in Northern

NEW DELHI (AFP) - The Indian army pursued conducted

operations Monday in three states as monsoon floods left at least

134 people dead and caused widespread destruction, officials and

newspapers said. Rampaging rivers flooded two-thirds of Patiala City and some 1,100 villages in the northern state of Punjab.

where the heaviest rains in two decades caused 16 deaths, officials said in the state capital Chandigarh. Parts of Patiala, with a

population of some 400,000, were under waist-deep water, and

thousands of residents vacated their ground-floor houses and

scrambled to safety after flood waters invaded their homes.

PEKING (R) - More than 60 people have been killed in floods

in central, southern and eastern China while drought grips parts of the northwest, the China Daily said Monday. Torrential rains killed 26 people in the central province of Hunan, stranding

391,000 people and ruining more than 646,600 hectares (1.6 million acres) of crops. In the southern province of Guangxi, rains

killed three people. In Zhejiang in the east, the death toll from flooding has risen to 38, with 31 missing and thousands bomeless.

But crops in northwest China's Ningxia region are suffering

PEKING (AFP) - A collision between a passenger train from

Peking and a freight train in the central Henan province left 39

dead and 49 injured, a local newspaper said. The collision, 60

kilometres (35 miles) north of the provincial capital Zhengzhou.

occurred Saturday on the Peking-Guangzhou line, said the Henan

daily. The passenger train, travelling to Chengdu, hit the back of

the goods train which was - for reasons as yet unknown -

stationary on the track at Xinxiang, the paper said. The engine

and two carriages of the passenger train were badly damaged.

Most of the victims were railway employees, who were using one

Orange defeated Britain. ast Catholic king, James 11.

n-beating Protestants celebrate the

when Protestant King William of

military might to protect the South against North Korea.

100,000 Protestants march in N. Ireland

Morillon to go to Defence Ministry

Clinton vows to keep U.S. strong

and raised the prospect of fierce fighting continuing.

In Sarajevo, under Serb siege since the war began, the situation for its 380,000 inhabitants deteriorated further as the last secure supply of fresh water dried

Tanjug said the capture of Trnovo, which rebel Serbs opposed to Bosnian independence first seized in June 1992 but lost in August last year, was a major defeat for Muslim forces. The agency said the recapture

of Trnovo had also forged a direct link between the Serb-held Romanija Mountains northeast of Sarajevo with southeast Bos-A spokesman for the U.N. High Commissioner for Refugees in Sarajevo, Peter Kessler, said

some 3,400 refugees from Trnovo were flocking towards the Mount Igman area, but he was unable to confirm the town had fallen. On Sunday, Belgrade Radio reported Serb forces had captured the strategic Rogoj Pass south of Trnovo after a battle

with government troops lasting several days.

nteen Muslim militants were

On the political front, Bosnia's collective, multi-ethnic presiden-

SARAJEVO (Agencies) — Serbs Geneva peace talks between war-were reported Monday to have ring Serbs, Croats and Muslims Wednesday to set out their position for resumed talks in Geneva. although these appeared doubtful following their rejection of the only proposal on the table.

But there were signs of dissent among the seven presidency members who attended Sunday's meeting in Zagreb which threw out the Serb-Croat plan.

Croat member Mile Akmadzic said the full presidency of nine members, including Muslim President Alija Izetbegovic, would go 10 Geneva for peace talks in a week to 10 days.

"All initiatives, this one and the Serb-Croat one will be discussed equally in Geneva," Mr. Akmadzic told reporters.

But minutes after he spoke Muslim Vice President Ejup Ganic, who has condemned the Serb-Croat plan as tantamount to genocide, said the e was no question of discussing e hnic partition. He also suggest d there were

no plans to go ic Geneva, but added: "If there is ceasefire and Sarajevo gets water and other enclaves get minimal conditions for survival we will go to negotia-

The water situation in the capital became critical at the weekend when the main brewery

Death toll

from U.S.

heatwave

reach 48

flee their homes.

NEW YORK (R) - A five-day

heatwave still blanketing the east coast of the United States has

killed 48 people, while in the

midwest and parts of the south torrential rain and flooding has

killed 17 and forced thousands to

All but one of the deaths re-

ported in the beatwave sweeping

the east from Florida to Maine

were in and around Philadelphia.

At least 250,000 people were without fresh water Sunday in Des Moines, Iowa, after floods

swamped water treatment plants.

Residents were urged to buy bot-

tled water or drain water heaters

and toilet tanks for emergency

People, were being rescued from rooftops as floodwaters spil-led into thousands of acres of

cropland in the Mississippi Valley

and turned riverfront towns into

In St. Charles County, north of

St. Louis, officials said people had

piled furniture and belongings

onto their roofs, where they

hoped to ride the flood out.

Because of the confluence of the

Mississippi and Missouri rivers,

the area is considered most at

Elbert Joe Friday, director of

the National Weather Service,

told a television news programme more rain was expected along the

upper Mississippi in the next two

days. The upper Mississippi and

Missouri rivers are already at or

near record highs at several

Vice-President Al Gore said

Sunday the government, which has already issued disaster dec-

laration covering much of the region, was ready to respond

even if the expense added to the



man cries, learning after hours of waiting with others at one of Sarajevo's pipelines

that water is totally cut off in the Bosnian capital (AFP photo)

stopped pumping from an under-ground spring for lack of fuel. UNHCR spokesman Kessler said the pump had provided drinking water for between 20,000 and 50,000 people a day. The only other available source now was a trickle from the Serb-

held Jahorina Mountain provid-

ing only half a litre per person per

Mr. Kessler said many Sarajevans were drawing water from polluted city wells. Doctors were reporting 100 to 200 cases of dysentery a day, he added.

TOKYO (AFP) - Almost cer-

tain to lose its majority in Sun-

day's general elections, Japan's ruling Liberal Democratic Party (LDP) is also seeing its chances of continuing to govern in coalition

Two small conservative parties,

Sakigake, or Pioneer Party,

formed last month, and the New

Japan Party (NJP), formed 14

months ago, bave announced their intention of merging into a

block in parliament after the

Morihiro Hosokawa, the parties'

respective leaders, both former

ruling party members, have affirmed their groups would "re-

main for the time being outside

servative group, Shinseito or the

Renaissance Party, is even less

given that its leader and founder,

former Finance Minister Tsuto-

oringing the government dealer.

But regardless of the

a no-confidence vote on June 18. and the NJP.

likely to link up with the LDP,

Another recently formed con-

any coalition government."

Masayoshi Takemura and

slipping away.

"A case of dysentery could be critical when you need 12 to 14 hours a day just to find and collect water and food and firewood," Mr. Kessler said.

In a separate development, U.S. soldiers flew to Macedonia Monday to join U.N. peacekeeping forces patrolling the former Yugoslav republic's border with

A total of 156 soldiers, wearing U.N. blue berets and carrying M-16 rifles, boarded two U.S. Air Force C-141 planes for the four-hour flight to Macedonia af-

tions, a Western diplomat said.

proclaim their independence

from the two main political ten-dencies, the LDP and the Social-

ists, both unpopular at the mo-

ment, in the hope of widening

If the LDP loses the majority it

has held for 38 years, no party

could rule alone and the Sakigake

and the NJP could find them-

selves bolding the balance of power when talks on the forma-

tion of a new government begin,

the Social Democratic Party

(SDP), the Socialist major

opposition group, said Monday the SDP could be in a position to

strike a deal with the Sakigake and the NJP. The SDP, however,

is itself tipped for a serious upset

Mr. Miyazawa has not lost all

"Even if a coalition is out of

announced intentions, a coalition the question, there could still be ment only 5.8 per cent backing,

hope of forming some kind of alliance which would allow him to

at the polis.....

Sadao Yamahana, president of

Small parties are known to

Coalition hopes recede for Japan

ruling party facing poll defeat

their own support.

ter an emotional farewell cere-

They will join the U.N. Protection Force (UNPROFOR), beefing up a force of 700 Nordic U.N. peacekeepers already stationed along the border, prepared to block any threat of the war in former Yugoslavia spilling over into Macedonia.

Wearing green combat fatigues and carrying bulky backpacks. the soldiers marched two-by-two up the tail ramps onto the planes accompanied by music from a

The day before, he hinted he

"The members of the party

would step down as president of

the party if it lost the election.

raised me to the presidency and if

I no longer have their confidence

be said, adding however that "the

LDP would not give up power if it

remained the country's biggest

So far, the party-maintains that

position, according to the opinion

polls, though its prospects of tak-

ing the 256 seats necessary for an

overall majority in a lower bouse

With each day Miyazawa's

woes appear 'to mount. On Mon-

day be was forced to cancel a trip

to Gifu in central Japan where he

was to campaign Tuesday on be-half of the local candidate. Local

officials told bim his presence

would be counter-productive,

The prime minister's popular-

... illia Diummetea ana illia la

point last month. A poll of 3,000

eligible voters gave his govern-

of 511 seats look slim.

newspapers reported.

single party."

it is normal for me to step down,

China to hold first dog show

PEKING (AFP) — China is to hold its first international dogs show in October involving militry, police and domestic breeds, a far cry from the days when the Communist Party banned keep-Communist Party banned keeping the pets in cities as a bourgeois habit. The Xinhua News Agency said the show would be held by the Ministries of Public Security, Health and Agriculture in conjunction with dog clubs in Hong Kong, Macau, the United States Janan and Ger-United States. Japan and Germany. More and more Chinese have started to keep dogs, which have become fashionable, although the trend bas forced cities to regularly organise campaigns to kill dogs, blamed for noise and for carrying rabies. Last year the authorities in the eastern city of Shanghai lannched a campaign to kill 10,000 dogs.

Manuscript called lost Shakespeare play

NEW YORK (R) - A New York expert said he found a manuscript of William Shakespeare's lost play, Cardenio, In the British Library, Newsweek reported. The magazine's July 19 edition said the play Shakespeare co-wrote in 1612, which was never produced and which was never produced and presumed lost, ws identified using handwriting analysis. Charles Hamilton compared the penmanship in Shakespeare's will with that of the untitled, unsigned 1612 play. The magazine said literary scholars have insisted that the drama is not up to Shakespeare's standards.

'Home alone' couple hand over children &:

CHICAGO (R) - A couple who drew international attention when they left their two daughters home alone during a Mexican vacation last December have surrendered the children for adoption, it was reported Sunday. A lawyer in the case confirmed that David and Sharon Schoo had voluntarily surrendered the girls at a court hearing last week, the Chicago Tribune and the Chicago Sun-Times reported. The girls, Nicole, 10, and Diana, 5, were in an adoptive home where they will psobably remain, the reports said. The Schoos pleaded guilty to child neglect and drug posses-

Chirac sets presidential strategy in motion

PARIS (AFP) — Jacques Chirac, leader of the main partner in France's centre-right government, has already set in . motion

his strategy for presidential elections in 1995. Three months after the right's victory at the polls, the mayor of Paris has resumed forays into the

provinces "to find out what people are concerned about." Mr. Chirac, whose neo-Gaullist Rally For The Republic

(RPR) is the biggest party in parliament, was happy fopr Edouard Balladur to become prime minister after the March

with the ruling party cannot be some form of cooperation or re- an all-time low.

mu Hata, played a leading role in continue ruling the country, and

He did not want to be handed a poisoned chalice a second time, his popularity having been several dinted during his stint as premier during the last right-wing "co-habitation" with Socialist President Francois Mitterrand in 1986, two years before Mr. Mitterrand's mandate expired.

But Mr. Chirac faces a difficult period in the two year run-up to the elections. His success will depend on that of Mr. Balladur's government.

If the prime minister's popular-

ity rating remains as high as it is now, some believe that he could distance himself from Mr. Chirac and put himself up as the only credible right-wing; presidential candidate, with the active support of the centre-right Union for French Democracy (UDF).

Mr. Chirac is confident that this will not be the case. For him, the crucial questions are whether Mr. Balladur wants to be president, and if so, whether he would get the backing of the RPR. To both questions, Mr. Chirac's answer is in the negative.

Traffic police brainstorm - a flashing helmet

sion last April.

LONDON (R) - A retired policeman has told how senior officers used him as a guinea pig more than 30 years ago to try out an experimental helmet with a flashing blue light on top to help direct traffic. Future generations of British police officers will be thankful the 1958 idea was a non-starter. Jim Sparks, now 72, recalled: "I felt a right Charlie. When the blue light started to flash I could have died. People drove past open-mouthed. I was never so embarrassed." The light proved too heavy and the helmet kept falling off so after 90 rushhour minutes the concept was abandoned.

Will courts test bareheaded justice? .

LONDON (R) - Some senior English judges are expected to doff their traditional borsehair wigs, which date back to the 18th century, and experiment with bareheaded justice, the Times newspaper reported Monday. Despite research within the legal profession that concluded wigs should stay, the Times said that for a short period in August judges in the Court of Appeal and the commercial courts are set to hear cases without their wigs. It says that in the vanguard for reform were lawyers in the commercial courts who often work on cases involving international clients unused to bewigged judges and lawyers.

North Korea returns war dead to U.S. military

PANMUNJOM, Korea (Agencies) - North Korea, calling a brief truce in its cold war with the South, handed over Monday what it said were the remains of 17 Americans killed in the 1950-53 Korean War. "We welcome them back

.. may they finally be at rest." U.S. Chaplain Kenneth Seifried said in a prayer after the 17 bodies were carried over the inter-Korean border into the southern sector of the Panmunjom Border Village. North Korean soldiers opened

each coffin to show them to U.S. army Colonel Edward O'Dowd, secretary of the Military Armis-tice Commission of the United Nations Command (UNC).

Col. O'Dowd inspected the skeletons and other personal objects as a North Korean soldier read a list of the items. "A wristwatch, broken pencil.

spoon," intoned the North Korean soldier in English as Col. O'Dowd inspected the contents. North Korean pallbearers

transported each of the plain wooden coffins, covered against the rain, to the raised concrete kerb marking the border that runs down the middle of Panmun-

A U.N. honour guard received the coffins one by one and draped them with the United Nations

flag.
The remains will be transported to the U.S. Army's Central Identification Laboratory in Hawaii for verification.

"I wish there were more of these events," said a U.S. spokesman after the ceremony. "The United States appreciates the gesture by the North Korean army." This is the fourth handover of

remains since the end of the Korean War. North Korean reporters and Chinese delegates from Pyon-

gyang came to watch.
"Nowhere else is there a place like this or does this kind of thing happen," a Chinese delegate said

Asked if there were more U.S.

remains, a North Korean official said "that was not known" "How can we know? They were unearthed and found. Maybe more will be found, but as of now this is all," the official

North Korean Armed Forces invaded the South in 1950 to reunify Korea by force. Chinese troops later joined in to oppose a U.S.-led United Nations force formed to help South Korea repel the invasion.

A truce was reached in July 1953, but in the absence of a peace treaty the two Koreas remain technically at war.

U.S. President Bill Clinton Sunday visited Panmunjom, the sole crossing point along the heavily-fortified demilitarised zone (DMZ) that divides the

South from the North. During his visit, which took him within a few metres of the frontier, Mr. Clinton pledged to keep the 36,000-strong U.S. garrison in South Korea for as long as Stalinist Pyongyang posed a nuclear threat in the reginn. The West suspects North

Korea of developing nuclear arms at two plants it refuses to open to international inspectors. Washington and Pyongyang officials meet Wednesday in Geneva in a bid to resolve the

nuclear impasse. South Korean Foreign Minister Han Sung-Joo said Monday the U.S. missile strike on Baghdad may serve as a warning to North Korea to allay quickly interna-tional fears it is developing nuc-

"Regardless of U.S. intentions. I think North Korea would have perceived a possible implication from the attack on Baghdad," Mr. Han told a press conference. one day after President Clinton wrapped up a two-day visit here.

lear weapons.

Mr. Han was replying to a question whether Mr. Clinton's reminder Sunday to thousands of American troops that he personally made the decision to make the June 26 attack on Baghdad was an indirect message to the North.

Mr. Han echoed Mr. Clinton's tough talk of the past three days, saying, "If North Korea developed and used nuclear weapons, no matter who does what, North Korea would not have a country as they know it

"It is simply saying what is

obvious but in a context that would sound tough," he acknowledged, referring to nearly identical remarks made by Mr. Clinton Sunday on the DMZ dividing the two Koreas and Friday in

Tokyo. Referring to U.S.-South Korean talks over the weekend, Mr. Han said the two sides agreed that "North Korea will not be allowed 10 drag this on indefinitely and there is a reasonable time limit within which progress has to be made. North Korea Monday slammed

President Clinton for threatening massive retaliation if Pyongyang were to use a nuclear weapon. Pyongyang's Korea Central News Agency (KCNA), monitored here, said "If anyone dares to provoke us. we will immediately show him in practice what our bold decision is.

KCNA, monitored by South Korea's official Pyongyangwatcher, Naewoe Press, quoted a Foreign Ministry spokesman as saying Mr. Clinton's mention of "retaliation" and "end" were a graphic expression of the U.S. policy of stifling Korea behind the facade of "peace" and a "downright provocation" against North Korea.

"If the United States truly wants the solution of the nuclear problem, it would be well advised to approach the talks more sincerely before it is too late, not resorting to pressure." spokesman said.

Al Ah¹² Championship begins Thursday

somm to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - Eight top hasketball teams will begin competing at the Sports Palace in Amman, Thursday, the Al Ahb International Championships, which is organised by Al Ahli Club here on the occasion of its 50th anniversary. At a press conference held at Al Ahli Cloh Monday, the cluh's Vice-President, Mohammad Bazadough, hoped that the tournament will be successful

and international teams. .The tournament will be held from July 15-22 and will start at the Sports Palace Court under the patronage of Her Royal Highness

with the participation of top Arab

Princess Haya Bint Al Hussein. The championship has attracted Lebanon's Al Kahraha, Romania's Cluj, Syria's Al Wahdah, Algeria's Boufaric, Ukrainia's Alekskram, and a team from Tonisia, in addition to Jordan's basketball power houses Al Orthodoxi and the 1992 titleholders Al , Ahli.

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Al Ahli Club's Vice President Mohammad Baza- brief the press Monday on the Al Ahli International dough and board member Samir Janakat (centre)

Championships

Boufaric, Alekskram and the still

The two Jordanian teams include most of the country's best players including Al Orthodoxi's the Barakat brothers and Jihad Saliha, and Al Ahli's Naser Bushnag, Walid Badran, and Sameer

Teams participating in the championship will be divided into undecided Tunisian team. Al Ahli will face Kiev's Alekstwo groups, the first group in-clodes Al Orthodoxi, Cluj, Al kram in the opening match on Thursday. Kahraba, Al Wahdah, while the

Four matches will be held daily second group includes Al Ahli, and fans can arrend the four matches with one ticket.

NEWS IN BRIEF

Rusedski wins Hall of Fame title

NEWPORT, Rhode Island (AFP) - Greg Rusedski became the first Canadian to win a professional tournament since the open era began in 1968, defeating Argentina's Javier Frana here Sunday in the final of the Hall of Fame Classic. Unseeded Rusedski defeated the No. 3 seed 7-5, 6-7 (11/9), 7-6 (7/2) to capture the \$25,000 a first prize io only his seventh professional tournament. "Before this tournament, I had lost 15 straight tie-hreakers in qualifying matches," said the 19-year-old from Montreal. "My coach (Bud Schultz) told me to be more aggressive. That paid off this week." Rusedski, who won eight tie-breakers in the tournament, now passes Chris Pridham to become Canada's top-rated player, "I'm very pleased with the way I came through in tough spots all week long," Rusedski said.
"I was going for all my shots." Frana was serving for the match at 5-4 and two points away from the victory in the third set before hitting two straight shots into the net. Rusedski took advantage of his chance, breaking Frana with a hackhand,

Skoff wins Swedish Open

BASTAD, Sweden (AP) - Horst Skoff won his first title in nearly three years Sunday, ralling from a 1-6 second-set druhbing to beat Ronald Agenor of Haiti 7-5, 1-6, 6-0 and claim the \$235,000 Swedish Open crown. After routing Skoff in midmatch, Agenor soddenly appeared listless, missing balls he had handled easily in the second. Skoff was very happy to win, and said he would gladly return to Bastad. It was the first ATP Tour victory for the Australian since he won the Barclay Open io Geneva, Switzerland oo Sept. 16, 1990, and the fourth in his eight-year pro career. Agenor hasn't won a tournament since the Berlin Open on Oct. 14, 1990. "This was probably my most important victory ever, considering that I was injured most of last year and lost much of my motivation. Now I'll try to make it to 50th position as a first goal," said Skoff, who reached a career high 18th oo the ATP Tour computer in 1990.

Bruguera is still the king of clay

GSTAAD, Switzerland (AFP) - French Open champion Sergi Bruguera reconfirmed his status as the world's top clay-court

final. Bruguera, who took a mooth off after his triumph at Roland Garros in June, had to finish a semifinal and play a final Sunday after a week of poor weather in the Alps. The Spaniard, ranked fifth in the world, mopped up his semifinal against German Marc Goellner 6-3, 6-0 in the morning after the contest resumed at 3-3. Three hours later, the top seed took to the court to face Novacek, whom he had beaten six times in six matches. It was the Spaniard's 15th victory in a row on elay since losing to American Jim Courier in the Italian Open quarterfinals in May. "Today was not easy, I had to get up early. It was start-stop," said Bruguera. I would much rather have played one match instead of two." Novacek admitted he had no answer for the game of his rival, whose tennis he described as "out of this world."

Bobkova wins Palermo tennis tournament

PALERMO, Italy (AFP) - Radka Bohkova won the \$100,000 Palermo Women's Tennis Tournament after beating top seed Mary Pierce of France 6-3, 6-2 here. The 20-year-old Czech, ranked 64th, proved the better of the Canadian-born champion of the past two years, who made too many unforced errors;

Sudan beats Ethiopia 1-0

KHARTOUM, Sudan (AP) - Sudan's national soccer team defeated Ethiopia 1-0 in the competition for the African Nations Championship finals to be beld in Tunis next year. Few people turned out for the game as the Sudanese team chances to reach the fioals are very slim. In their first match, Ethiopia won 3-0 in

Egypt, Morocco tie 1-1

CAIRO (AP) - Yasser Ezzat scored in the opening minote of the second half Sunday, rallying Egypt to a 1-1 draw with Morocco into an African Cup of Nations qualifying match. The draw increased Egypt's point total to six and left Morocco with only four. The two countries each have a one game remaining with both Mali and Malawi, hut Egypt's chances of advancing to next year's finals in Tunisia are better than the other countries in its group. Morocco led in the 22nd minute on a goal by Legressi Abdul Salam. The match was played in the Mediterranean port of

Indurain wins 9th stage, leads in Tour de France

de France cycling race here and has regained the overall lead.

Indurain, hot favourite to win his third Tour de France running. stamped his aothority on the race with his time-trial superiority in

Following Tuesday's rest day.

LAC DE MADINE, France (AFP) — Spain's Miguel Indurain (Banesto) Monday won the ninth stage time trial of the Tour losses to a minimum, he could seal victory in the last time-trial

on July 24. Despite a puncture in the clos-ing stages. Indurain pushed world champion Gianni Bugno into second place by 2min 11sec and Dutchman Erik Breukink was 2min 22sec further back. Switzer-

land's Tony Rominger, hampered by the weather and a puncture, conceded 2min 42sec.

Among the other main rivals for overall victory, Switzerland's, Alex Zulle lost 3min 18sec, while Italian Claudio Chiappucci lost 5min 18sec. But climbing specialist Chiappucci have five mountain stages to impose himself.

In the overall standings, Breukink is sevond 1min 35sec behind, and Bugno is 2min 32sec further back

Chiappucci is 5min 75sec be-hind Indurain, with Rominger on 5min 46sec. Belgian Johan Museeuw, who rode in yellow Monday, fell way back in this

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WEEKLY BRIDGE QUIZ

4Q758 ♥KQJ4 ♦A8 +A88 Partner opens the bidding with one diamond. What do you respond?

Q.2—As South, vulnerable, you \$65 ♥K107 ♥7 \$AK86532 In first seat, what is your opening

Q.3—As South, vulnerable, you hold: ±43 ♥KQ10952 ♦Q762 ±6 Your left-hand opponent opens the bidding with one club. What action

Q.1-As South, vulnerable, you

Q.4—East-West vulnerable, as South you hold: \$\delta AK9832 \quad \text{A7} \quad \text{1072} \delta K3 Partner opens the bidding with one heart. What do you respond?

Q.5-As South, vulnerable, you **★42** ♥J873 ♦KJ754 **★42** Partner opens the bidding with one spade and the next hand passes. What action do you take?

Q.6-Both vulnerable, as South you hold: +QJ4 ♥3 ♦AQ987 +AJ94 Your right-hand opponent opens the bidding with four hearts. What action do you take?

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Sydney gets best marks for 2000 Olympic Games bid

LAUSANNE, Switzerland (AFP) — Sydney got the best marks out of the six candidate cities for the 2000 Olympics from an International Olympic Committee (IOC) inquiry that plays a key role in the attribution of the

Giving its technical verdict after a three-day-visit to each city, the 12-man committee said Sydoey had offered "over and above" the conditions set by the

The report oo the merits of Peking, Berlin, Brasilia, Istaohul, Manchester and Sydney was sent Tuesday to all 92 members of the IOC. They will decide on Sept. 23 in Monte Carlo which city hosts the games. But the competition is one of the toughest ever because of the symbolic date.

considered frontrunners with

Manchester third.

Brasilia's application. It said the "standards in general were currently below hat is expected of an Olympic bid." The enquiry commission also seemed less favourable to Istanhul.

"The (Sydney) hid offers conditions over and above what is required by the IOC," according to the commission lead by Swedish official Gunoar Ericsson.

"The commission felt that the concept of the games was hased on priority to athletes" and "notes with much satisfaction the great emphasis on environmental protection." Transportation is deemed excellent, the financial plan "professionally prepared and credible."

The technical evaluation for

the Chinese capital has also good. Sydney and Peking had been The committee noted the "enormous support" hut also raised some questions.

The report clearly rejected It expressed doubts about entry

and criminals. It said that some of the facilities for competitors were "significantly below international standards" and also highlighted potential language problems.

restrictions on potential terrorists

Manchester had also entered a strong financial plan described as "solid and credible." It praised the involvement of the private sector and said the telecommunications facilities were "the highlight of the bid." Manchester's environmental proposals and the regeneration of much derelict land was also empha-

Berlin is commended for its sport experience, transponation, solid financial plan and "excellent security arrangements." It also eased the fears of Berlin's leaders about the many demonstrations against the city's hid.

"The commission feels that whilst vocal opposition to the bid exist, this is a minority group," said the report.

An IOC official said Sydney's hid "had no weak spots" and that it was further favoured as there were so few installations to be

But he added that "it would he wrong to believe that the Australian city is out on its own." The official said: "The International Olympic Committee does not determine these things on just financial criteria.

The marketing figures for each of the six cines are quite close.

But one of the disadvantages for Berlin was over doubts raised about the city's plan to sell souvenir Olympic coins.

All the cities, except Brasilia, expected to make a profit. Istanbul offered the most water tight financial guarantees with its Olympic Law, which sets out revenues from taxes and lotteries.

Prost celebrations muted as Williams wait on FISA

SILVERSTONE (R) — Alain Prost celebrated his 50th Grand Prix victory after Sunday's British

race, but the joy was muted.

The nature of the triumph and a cloud of unwelcome speculation hung over the Williams team three days before a critical meeting of the spon's governing body FISA.

The Frenchman's fifth British victory was virtually gifted when teammate Damon Hill had to retire with a blown Renault V10 engine after leading for 41 of the 59 laps.

"I really thought Damon de-served to win this race," said Prost generously afterwards. "It was my 50th win, hut I would have preferred to win a different ambience. The people here are very disappointed.

Renault's technical director Bernard Dudot said he did not understand what had happened to Hill's engine. "We have to wait to get the engine hack to our factory in France," he said. "Then we can see exactly what happened.

There was no warning at all. Our only thought is that it might have been a hroken cam follow-

Prost's victory hoisted him 20 points clear of old rival Ayrton Senna in the championship and enabled him to draw level in the recrd books with Briton Jim Clark who also won five British Grands Prix. But the Williams team is more

concerned at present with mounting speculation they may be forced to withdraw from the German Grand Prix on technical grounds or have points deducted consider stewards' reports from the Canadian, French and British Grands Prix which say that vir-

for the alleged use of irregular fuel, when FISA's World Council

The council has been called to

meets in Paris.

tually all the cars entered failed to conform to the technical regula-It will also study a report on the

fuel used by certain cars at the San Marino, Spanish, Monaco and Canadian Grands Prix. If the World Council decides to

outlaw active suspension and traction control systems - as the stewards' reports suggest they should have done already - it will create chaos with the likely withdrawal of several leading Williams Technical Director

Patrick Head said: "If active suspension is banned forthwith, we will appeal. If it is turned down, Williams-Renault will not be at the German Grand Prix. In the time available, we are not able to design and manufacture parts for our car so as to race with conventional, passive, suspension." Mr. Head declined to comment

on reports that the Williams team's elf fuel was one to have been found irregular or further speculation that FISA was planning to strip the team of Prost's win in the Spanish Grand Prix at Barcelona, McLaren Managing Director Ron Dennis said he totally dis-

agreed with the way that FISA was carrying through its interpretation of the regulations or its introduction of revised technical regulations for 1994.

Mr. Dennis dismissed the py to see active suspension ban-



theory, supported by FISA and several teams, that the chief reason for the proposed banning of high technology driver aids was their prohibitive cost. He said: "The issue on the

table here are not about money. That is just a camouflage." He added: "The teams are divided because the uncompetitive teams are trying to drag back

Ken Tyrrell, owner of the Tyrrell team, said: "I would he hapcostly for us."

the competitive ones."

from tracy to hold the lead, remains atop the championship standings after eight races with

the pole.

ned this week. It is expensive to develop a good system and if you are looking at having 25 cars on the grid next season, things like active suspension have got to be scrapped. "Formula One has become too

All this could be resolved later this week if as expected FISA force the teams to accept the 1994 regulations, but permit continued use of the driver aids this year.

Tracy posts convincing win in Cleveland

CLEVELAND (R) - Canadian Paul Tracy started on pole and dominated Sunday's Grand Prix of Cleveland Indycar race to post a convincing win over a pair veteran champions. Tracy drove his Marlboro-Penske Chevrolet to victory ahead of Indianapolis 500 winner Emerson Fittipaldi and Formula One world champion Nigel Mansell for his second career Indycar win in just 23 races. "This is one of the best races I've ever had," Tracy said. "To lead, dominate and win con-

vincingly, now I've got an oppor-tunity to move up in the series standings," added Tracy, who stands fifth in the championship with 62 points. While Tracy was running away with the win, Man-sell and Fittipaldi engaged in a thrilling battle for second place with less than nine laps to go in the 85-lap race at Cleveland's Burke Lakefront Airport Course.

The veterans swapped positions at least six times on the 10-turn circuit before Fittipaldi in a Penske-Chevrolet finally go the better of Mansell's Lola-Ford Cosworth on lap 73. Mansell, the only driver aside

102 points, 14 clear of Fittipaldi. Stefan Johansson of Sweden finished fourth, followed by Mario Andretti and Rohhy Gor-

Tracy pickd up a \$100,000 bonus for winning the race from

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The German Protestant Institute for Archaeology in Amman offers a position for a secretary from Aug. 1 Fluent German and English is required, both spoken and written. Substantial knowledge of Arabic and some experience with computer work would be appreciated.

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etc. to the institute which will also give further Address: German Protestant Institute for Archaeology, telephone: 84 29 24, P.O.Box 183

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AHLAN NABIL AND HISHAM THEATTLE The theatre will be closed in preparation for "Ahlan Arab Summit" play which will be shown at the Jerash Festival for Culture and Arts.

Cinema

Bosnia calls on Islamic countries to send troops

ISLAMABAD (AFP) — Bos-nian Foreign Minister Haris Sila-idzic called Monday for the urgent dispatch of Islamic troops to his war-torn country while Pakistan demanded an immediate end to the "genocide" of the Muslim population.

Speaking at a two-day conference of 16 Muslim countries opened here by Pakistani Prime Minister Nawaz Sharif to coordinate troop deployment in Bosnia's six so-called safe areas, Mr. Silajdzic urged the participants to send "as many troops as possible and as soon as possible.

"This conference is very important. We hope it will produce not only paper but some action this ome." he added.

Hamid Al Gabid, secretarygeneral of the Organisation of the Islamic Conference (OIC), in his speech stressed that "time is of

"We cannot afford to let the international community wait for the total capitulation of the Muslims of Bosnia-Herzegovina," he told the delegates.

In view of the "extremely critical" situation, he said it was imperative to arrange an "immediate and durable ceasefire"

throughout Bosnia-Herzegovina. The meeong should explore all avenues to secure such a ceasefire, the OIC chief added.

As well as host Pakistan, foreign ministers or representatives from Egypt, Iran, Senegal, Turkey, Saudi Arabia, Malaysia, Uganda, Tunisia, Palestine, Algeria, Bangladesh, Indonesia, Djibouo, Brunei and Morocco

NEWS IN BRIEF

KUWAIT (R) — Four Iraqi tanks destroyed by allied missiles during the Gulf war were found to be slightly radioactive but pose

no health risk, a Kuwaio official said on Monday. Rashid Al

Owaisb, director of the Health Ministry's department of public

health, said by telephone the four Iraqi tanks, among hundreds

removed from the battlefield, had been destroyed by projectiles

Opped with depleted uranium. He said the radiation appeared

linked to this but added: "There is absolutely no health risk to the

Court date set for pleas on Bahrain-Qatar row

MANAMA (R) - The International Court of Justice will begin

next February to hear pleas on Bahrain's challenge to its

competence to rule on a territorial dispute with Qatar, Bahrain's

Gulf News Agency said. The dispute is over a clutch of islands,

reefs and sandbanks that are potentially rich in oil and gas. The

news agency quoted an official source in Manama as saying on

Sunday the court in The Hague had advised the government of

Bahrain of the date for the hearing. The court will not eoter into

the substance of the dispute wheo it starts the hearings of Feb. 28,

whether it has the jurisdiction to rule on Qatar's unilateral

Colin Powell decorated by Kuwait's emir

KUWAIT (AP) - The emir of Kuwait on Monday honoured

General Colin Powell, chairman of the U.S. Joint Chiefs of Staff,

with a medal for his role in driving Iraqi forces out of the emirate in

the Gulf war. Sheikh Jaber Al Ahmad Al Sabah awarded Gen.

Powell the order of Kuwait in a ceremony at Bayan Palace

attended by U.S. Ambassador Edward Gnehm, and Kuwait's chief

of staff, Major General Ali Al Momen. General H. Norman

Schwarzkopf, who commanded the military operation, was given

Algerian desert victims' bodies identified

ALGIERS (AFP) — Algerian paramilitary police have been able to identify seven of 15 people whose bodies were found near their stranded vehicle in a remote part of the southern desert, officials

said Monday. Four Malians, two Algerians and a Senegalese national had been identified, but gendarmes had not yet discovered who the others were, including four children. All the

15, whose badly decomposed bodies were discovered on July 6 at

Tamroult Echegaa, 339 kilometres southwest of Tamanrasset in

southern Algeria, were believed to be Africans. Police said the

casualties, who also included four women and were on their way

towards Mali, died of thirst and sunstroke after their vehicle

BEIJING (AFP) — China is building a military air base in the disputed South China Sea and is obtaining the necessary hardware

to prepare for the possibility of armed conflict there, an official

book reported. The military has already bought 24 advanced

SU-27 jet fighters and five heavy military transport planes from

Russia, according to Military Secrets, a book printed last month

by a Public Security Ministry publishing house. China plans to

coproduce AN-180s, a medium-range transport plane, with

Ukraine and is trying to buy airborne warning systems and missile

technology, while developing mid-air refueling capacity, the book

said. Efforts to obtain an aircraft carrier were continuing as part of China's "determination" to build up a blue water naval fleet, it

BONN (AFP) - A 25-year-old German has died after being

stabbed, allegedly by a Turk who feared the man was trying to

break into his family's home in the central town of Wetzlar, police said Monday. Police have arrested four Turkish brothers in

connection with the crime which occurred overnight. Police said the German and a friend had stepped on window panes stacked

China building air base in disputed sea

broke down, apparently after the battery went flat.

application to the court to settle the dispute.

the same medal in 1991.

iaid. It will instead bear arguments from both sides or

Radioactivity found in Gulf war tanks

are attending the meeting. In his opening address Mr. Sharif called for the adopting of a 'specific plan of action" for a just settlement in Bosnia.

"The meeting is not only a test of the Muslim World's resolve to uphold the fundamental rights of the Bosnian Muslims but also to stand by a member of the OIC which is being subjected to aggression and occupation," Mr.

Mr. Silajdzic lashed out at the arms embargo saying that it re-flected Europe's "anti-Muslim

He vehemently opposed those who consider the Bosnian conflict a civil war, stressing that his country was "victim of aggression committed by Belgrade."

The foreign minister said some 200,000 civilians had been killed and 1.5 million displaced. "There are concentration camps and rape

"Bosnia is subjected to an organised and systematic destruc-

Some 800 mosques, including some dating back to the 15th and 16th centuries have been destroyed by those hoisong the banner of "might is justice," he said.

All this is being done with the "tacit approval" from outside under the so-called pretext of maiotainiog a "neutral attitude."

He said people were being "raped, killed and maimed" and the victims are told "we cannot give you arms because it is better

for you not to have arms."

He said bis country signed a peace plan "invented by the in-

ternational community and abandoned by the international com-

"We are told to enter into negotiations again and start a new Geneva process after 10 months of talks during which tens of thousands were killed."

But he warned that any negodadons without firm guarantees for peace would fail.

Premier Sharif said earlier the U.N. Security Council should once again demand an immediate cessacion of hostilioes in Bosnia-Herzegovina, subjected to "geno-

U.N. forces must ensure the uninterrupted flow of humanitarian assistance to the two million population of Bosnia and steps should be taken to ensure full respect for the security of the safe areas, he added.

The meeting would consider provision of troops, finances and heavy equipment for the U.N. Protection Force (UNPROFOR) proposed by the Security Council in its June 3 resolution.

The United Nations has decided to deploy the UNPROFOR at six designated "safe areas" of Bihac, Goradze, Srebrenica, Tuzla, Zepa and Sarajevo.

Pakistan is expected to deploy a brigade comprising some 3,000 soldiers while Bangladesh has also agreed to join the UNPRO-FOR. Jordan and Egypt have already dispatched small numbers of their troops to Bosnia.

Serbs retake strategic pockets.

Kurds claim

kidnap of



MARCH IN GAZA: Palestinians from the Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine armed with Kalashnikov march in Shabura refugee camp in Kalashnikov march in Shabura refugee camp in (AFP photo)

Settlers challenge Rabin with vow to set up enclave

OCCUPIED WEST BANK (AP) - About 50 Jewish settlers brought a Torah scroll Monday to dedicate a memorial to a slain Israeli and announced plans to establish a new township at the

More than an expression of mourning, the protest was a fresh test of Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin's declared freeze on Jewish settlement building in the occupied territories.

It also showed growing ner-vousness among settlers about the possibility of a withdrawal from the occupied territories once a treaty is signed with the Palestinians,

The site, on a dusty roadside near Tekoah settlement in the hills surrounding Betblehem, is where Russian-born settler Mordechai Lipkin, 38, was killed while driving home Thursday night from the nearby Gush Etzioo settlement bloc.

Settlers from Tekoah pitched several tents on the rocky hillside nearby after Sunday evening's funeral. It was a small showing compared to past demonstrations, and no government repre-

sentatives were present.
Following a Talmudic tradi-tion, they also stacked up boulders and planted a blue and white Israeli flag on top as a "gal-ed." (pile of remiander) to the victim.

On Monday afternoon, Yinon Achiman, council head of the area's largest settlement, Efrat. brought over a red velvet-covered Torah, a holy scroll of the Old would seek government approval Testament, encased in a plain to remain.

Zeev Hever, a settlement lead-

er once imprisoned as a member of a Jewish settler terror underground, kissed the scroll. Nearby two children showed off toy wooden guns to Israeli soldiers. Then the ceremony got under-

way. "We have come here to establish a permanent Jewish presence, a Jewish settlement," said Ina Vinavsky, a settlement leader at Tekoah. "We don't intend to go home after the 'Shiva' (sevenday mourning period) like good little children.

She was applauded by the several dozen men, women and children praise also came from the guest of honour, Ariel Sharon of the right-wing Likud Party: "Every effort must be made to find a way ... for a settlement group to remain."

"There bas been a weakening in settlement activity and I hope it will be strengthened." Mr. Sharon added.

Mr. Sharon spearheaded the drive that enabled more than 110,000 Jews to move into 144 settlements in the West Bank and Gaza Strip since 1967. Since taking office a year ago, Mr. Rabio bas halted expansion of settlements and took away tax breaks, but permitted the completioo of 11,000 housing units under con-

struction. of settleon bloc منس. ments where Tunu. gs, said they

Israeli party endorses Palestinian sovereign(ty in E. Jerusalem

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (AP) — A new party running in Jerusalem's municipal elections in November advocates Palestinian sovereignty over the eastern sector of the city, its Israeli founder said Monday. The party, "For the Sake of Jerusalem," has asked the Pales-

tine Liberation Organisation (PLO) to endorse it and urge Palestinians in East Jerusalem to vote for it, said founder Mosbe Amirav, a city council member. The 150,000 Palestinians living

in East Jerusalem have never participated in Jerusalem's muoicipal elections, saying it would be tantamount to recognising Israeli

Mr. Amirav said surveys showed that it was very likely the candidate of the right-wing Likud Party, former Health Minister Ehud Olmert, would defeat in-cumbeot Teddy Kollek, 83, unless the 60,000 eligible Palestinian voters ended their boycott.

"We are talking about the power of the Palestinians to dictate who will be rnling the city," Mr. Amirav said.

Mr. Amirav said he and city member Sarah Kamin who both split from the dovish Meretz Party, would try to meet with PLO leaders in Tunis next week to discuss the party plat-

Ishaq Khan, **Sharif** meet on crisis

ISLAMABAD (AFP) — Pakistan's prime minister and president held an bour of talks here Monday in an attempt to resolve the simmering dispote between them that has prompted the opposition to step up their campaign for fresh elections.

Prime Minister Nawaz Sharif met his political adversary President Ghulam Ishaq Khan for the first ome since June 27 after religious leaders arranged for the pair to discuss their squabble over whose hands are on the levers of

Mr. Sharif said after the meeting, postponed from one sche-duled for Saturday, that he would bold further talks with the president later io the day.

Sources said the pair discussed their differences but there bas no

news of any agreement.

Meanwhile the opposition called on its supporters to march on Islamabad Friday to force Mr. Sharif's resignation, putting further onus on the army to re-solve the four-month-old poliocal

"We'll cononue our protest until the regime crumbles. The rul-ers will not be able to sustain themselves for long after hundreds of thousands of people march on the capital," Nawabza-da Nasrullah, a leader of the All Parties Conference (APC), which groups some 20 opposition parties, said late Sunday. The opposition, headed by Be-

nazir Bhutto, is calling for early elections to end the political crisis that has wracked the country for four months. Mr. Sharif is due to address the

nation Tuesday on this latest twist in the situation. Relations between the two pil-

lars of state began deteriorating when Mr. Sharif announced bis intention to redoce important consolutional powers vested in the president, including the power to dissolve the National Assembly.

The president promptly re-sponded by invoking that power and appointing a new government, but his move was overturned by the supreme court. In the meantime, bowever, Mr. Ishaq Khan had also consolidated bis support in three of the four

Unlike during a similar abortive march last November by the opposition, the government can no longer rely on the provincial

The executive in the largest province. Punjab, which has 70 million inhabitants, is not only refusing to supply police as it did in November but is considering supplying logistical support necessary for the success of the demonstration, such as transport and food for the marchers.

Royal visit adds pomp to Mongolia festival

ULAN BATOR (R) - Britain's

Princess Anne is adding a new dimension to Moogolia's traditional celebration of Naadam, the festival of three "manly sports" The Priocess Royal, on her first overseas visit with her new husband Commander Timothy Laurence, arrived Saturday for a fiveday stay during Mongolia's most colourful season. During Naadam Mongolians forget their bitter winters and crumbling economy and relax on the rolling grasslands to feasts of mutton and fermented mares' milk. Heading the bill of the three "manly sports" is traditional wrestling, where fleshy men dressed in colourful red and blue studded briefs and matching waistcoats grapple for supremacy. The winner of each bout performs an "eagle dance", flapping his arms and bending his knees before the applauding crowd. In the archery eveot, men and women dressed in brightly patterned silk or cotton cloaks shoot snub-nosed arrows at rows of targets some fifty metres away. Judges sing and flap their arms wheo a score is made. In riding events, children as young as four race up to 30 kilometres - sometimes barebacked - in proof that one of the traditions most closely associated with the Mongol Empire of the 13th and 14th centuries is alive and well.

Jerry Lee Lewis booed off stage

MADRID (AP) - Fiery rocker Jerry Lee Lewis was booed off the stage after he kicked a cameraman filming a rock 'n' roll oldies concert, a newspaper reported Sunday. The temperamental Lewis, born 57 years ago in Ferriday, Louisiana, stormed off the stage to the disapproving whistles of the fans, who turned on the performer after be got up from his piano and booted the cameraman, the Spanish daily El Mundo reported. The newspaper did not say what provoked the incident in the northwestern city of La Coruna, where Lewis shared the bill with veterans Bo Diddley, Wilson Pickett, Eric Burdon and Chuck Berry, Lewis, who performs such classics as Whole Lotta Shakin' Going On, was portrayed by actor Dennis Quaid in the film Great Balls

Lottery winner wants to help family, friends

ST PETERSBURG, Florida (R) - The Wisconsin teacher who claims to hold the only winning ticket in last week's \$111-million Powerball Lottery, plans to share the prize with his fiancee and help out his friends, family and the school where he works. Les-Robins, 30, and his fiancee Colleen Devries, 24, were in seclusion in West Florida at the weekend after apparently winning the largest individual lottery jackpot in U.S. history. The couple flew to Florida Thursday to visit family and avoid the media in Wisconsin, where Robins works as an English teacher at a Fond Du Lac junior high school Devries is a nurse in nearby. Hartford. Mr. Robins, who makes about 30,000 a year, will receive payments of more than.3 million a year, after taxes, for 20 years. Mr. Robins, quoted in the St Petersburg Times Saturday, said during the first two days after realising they had the winning ocket he and Ms. Devries were probably more scared and intimidated than elated". He said he would like to belp friends and family and to aid his school and Ms. Devries' hospital. "The particular school I was teaching at could use some improvements that I would like to help them make," he told the Times, "and, we'd like to help out the hospital

Teens extort thousands from another youth

where my fiancee is."

MONTPELLIER, France (AFP) Four teenagers extorted the equivalent of nearly \$25,000 from another youth over the course of year by terrorising him, police said Sunday. The four, whose ages ranged from 15 to 17, have been charged with extortion. The other youth, 15, has himself been charged with stealing money from his parents to keep his tormentors at day. Police said the four suspects began by demanding 100and 200-frane bills from their victim and gradoally increased the amount of each payment. A hundred francs is about \$17. The victim stole the money from his parents and made monthly visits to an elderly uncle who lived in the country, police said.

5 more to hang in Egypt

Monday. ble next to the pair's release.

ment with Islamie rute.

men were put to death. tn another case Monday, five suspected militants were charged with killing a policeman and

wounding another, crimes the agency added.

"We now believe the PKK

public places. Mr. Mubarak started referring extremist suspects to military

Human rights groups have criticised the military courts, saying they should not be used to try civilians and defendants' right

turned down all pleas.

The government-owned Middle East News Agency quoted a military official as saying Mr. Mubarak rejected appeals of nine extremists in the latest case.

ing foreign tourists and attempting to assassinate Information Minister Safwat Al Sherif. Six of the men were sentenced to death. but one was tried in absentia and is at large. The others got long

Under the military judicial code, after Mr. Mubarak rejects an appeal, 15 days must pass before the defendant is executed. The news agency did not say when the latest appeals were rejected. It noted the five men would be hanged "in the next few

'Torture by injection'

An Egyptian human rights group has called on the authorities to investigate allegations that a man charged with stealing cars had been "tortured by injection," saying his life was in danger.

In a statement faxed Monday to AFP, the Egyptian Organisation for Human Rights (EOHR) said it had received a complaint from Mohammad Ali Mohammad Ali who claimed he was tortured by the chief investigative officer of Cairo's Aguza police

Mr. Ali was arrested in January and charged with car theft.

He claimed, according to the
EOHR, that the officer "injected him with contaminated material consisting of a mixture of water and faeces, which eventually caused gangrene in his leg."

The EOHR, describing the method of as "barbaric," demanded that the torture allegations be investigated and that the findings be made public. The human rights group

appealed to the attorney general and interior minister on May 13 demanding that Mr. Ali be given adequate medical care but has not yet received a reply, the statement added.

An EOHR representative visited Mr. Ali at a Cairo hospital in May after he had undergone three operations to remove "contaminated tissues and graft new tissue to his leg."
He was due to have a fourth

operation but he has transferred to the Tora prison hospital, south off Cairo, "without receiving the operation and despite the absence of sufficient care for his condition, there, the EOHR

|Ross holds talks in Amman

U.S. document because it excludes East Jerusalem from interim Palestinian jurisdiction. and because it does not consider the West Bank, the Gaza Strip and Jerusalem as occupied terri-

Arab pressure to accept the U.S. document as a basis for negotiations to an agreement on interim self-government arrangements, Palestinians said they were pre-pared to deal with a U.S. document that considers the occupied territories as lands seized by Israel in the 1967 Arab-Israeli

"We have asked Jordan to tell Mr. Ross that we reject to deal with the U.S. document if Washington did not introduce changes on jurisdiction, East Jerusalem and sovereignty," said a PLO official. "We are prepared to start negotiating the key issues of Jerusalem, and jurisdiction based on international legitima-

The Associated Press quoted an unidentified official as saying:

Palestinians accept the American

"to tell the Palestinians that the American proposal will help achieve progress on the Palestinian-Israeli track" in the Middle East peace process.

The official also said Amman reaffirmed its commitment to the talks, but "stressed that a settlement with Israel should be comprehensive and Jordan will not sign a peace accord before the Palestinians regain their legitimate rights on their national

When asked by reporters whether the U.S. would alter its document, Mr. Ross said: "t'm not going to get into particular

He said that in his discussions with Mr. Husseini "we went over a number of things again, and our discussions are coosistent with the quescions and issues that we wanted to address together." He said his meeting with Mr. Husseini also went well, and that

he will be meeting with the remainder of the Palestinian delegation when he returned to Jerusalem Monday night "and we will continue the discussions." "We are involved in a process right now that is going to be built step by step." he said.

He pointed out that the U.S. did not make a proposal, "but offer(ed) a draft and we are engaged with the parties in discussions right now and we will make a judgmeot about how best to proceed.

"We always have new ideas," he said.

time back each other's stand at the peace process."

Jordan and the PLO reached agreement in 1991 on the principle of a confederation between the Kingdom and whatever independent Palestinian entity emerges from the ongoing 20month-old Middle East peace

"Our work through these com-

mittees is based on our new out-

"We bope to develop this new formula (strategy) through political coordination to reach confederal links that have solid roots

underneath one of the windows and awakened one of the Turks living inside the house, who then chased the Germans, caught one and stabbed him repeatedly. There have been almost daily attempts to set foreigners' homes on fire in Germany since the end of May, when five Turks were killed during a raciallymotivated arson attack in the town of Solingen. Israeli workers' strike shuts embassies

German killed, allegedly by Turk

TEL AVIV (R) - A strike by government employees for higher pay has shut down Israeli embassies around the world, the foreign ministry said Monday. "All our embassies are closed," a ministry spokesman said. About 600 ministry employees in embassies and consulates began observing the strike on Monday. But Israeli officials said security guards remained on the job and heads of missions were handling urgent business. Nearly all 60,000 Israeli public employees stopped work last Wednesday indefinitely to demand wage increases.

Briton and Australian

ANKARA (AFP) — A British man and an Australian woman who went missing while cycling through eastern Turkey were kidnapped by Kurdish separatists, but are alive and well, agency reports bere confirmed Monday. Earlier in London the Kurdish Information Centre had said the two were seized by Kurds, The Turkish army tecently launched a

Turkish army recently launched a tough new offensive against the Kurdish rebels who have been waging a guerrilla war in south-eastern Turkey for almost a de-

David Rowbotham and Tania Miller, both 28, who went missing July 5 in the mountainous Tatvan region, were "kidnapped" for "entering Kurdistan without the oecessary aothorisation," the Kurd-Ha agency, a virtual

mouthpiece for the rebels, said. The agency said the two tourists - described as "the Australian nurse and the British engineer" - would be freed "as soon as the Turkish army eases its air and ground operations in the mountain region whre they were in danger of losing their lives."

Australian officials expressed optimism Monday that they would be released unharmed, while Ms. Miller's mother described the news as the best possi-

The pair were "in good health," the agency communique added, cofirming the report Sun-day from the Kurdish Informadon Centre in London.

They had failed to heed warnings from the separatist Kurdistan Labour Party (PKK) "risks of an unauthorised trip in the region where the Turkish army is waging war on Kurds," the communique said, citing PKK sources in Beirut.

They were in the hands of the PKK's military wing in Garzan.

tn Canberra, Australian foreign affairs officials said Monday they were "cautiously optimisoc" that the pair would be released unharmed.

claims are probably authentic," a foreign affairs department spokesman said, adding: "We are relieved that the statement said they were both safe and well." He said embassy staff in Ank-

ara made the assessment after talks with Turkish and British officials. "The tone of the statement indicate they will be released in due course." he said.

Ms. Miller's mother Boreen said at he home in Jimboomba. south of Brisbane, that the news the couple had been kidnapped by Kurds was the best the family could have received, short of

their release. She said the family now knew the cousins were alive and well and had been told the Kurds treated their hostages don't get sick or catch disease," she said. "We're just hoping they'll be

released early. We're hoping they

She said she hoped the PKK

did not carry out a threat to hold

the pair "until the Turkish gov-

ernment stops oppressing the

won't be another Terry Waite.

CAIRO (Agencies) — President prison sentences.

Hosni Mubarak has opened the way for execution of five more convicted Muslim extremists by rejecting their appeals for clemency, a military official said

The executions would bring to 14 the number of radicals hanged since mid-June, underseoring Egypt's resolve to quell the violent campaign aimed at displacing Mr. Mubarak's secular govern-

The number of executions outstrips past government attempts to put down challenges from extremists. After President Anwar Sadat's 1981 assassination, five

punishable by death. They were accused in a shooting March 9 in the provincial capital of Assiut, a stronghold of the radicals. More than 180 people have died in the militants' 18-month campaign. Their first targets were

policemen, foreign tourists and Coptic Christians. But recent attacks have iocluded nail-packed time bombs placed in crowded

trials last October to ensure speedy trials. The military courts have sentenced 22 militants to

of appeal is inadequate. Those convicted can only appeal for presidential clemency, and Mr. Mubarak has so far

They were convicted of attack-

document." He said Mr. Ross asked Jordan

(Continued from page 1)

was biased towards Israel. Palestinians have rejected the

But as a result of American and

war, and not "disputed" areas.

A Western diplomat said that Mr. Ross' visit to the region was an attempt at seeking Arab assist-ance to convince the Palestinians to accept the U.S. document.

Mr. Ross asked Jordan to persuade the Palestinians to accept the U.S. document. Speaking to the AP on condiofficial said: "Mr. Ross passed on

tion of anonymity, the Jordanian his administration's wish that the

Jordan and PLO set up panels

(Continued from page 1)

look towards future ties which will protect Palestinian national rights and boost Jordan's stand as an independent entity." Mr. Abed Rabbo told Reuters after the talks.

and enjoy strong popular Jordanian-Palestinian consensus," he said.